

17th Fiscal Period (Fiscal Period Ended October 31, 2024)

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Mittal Public

Investor Presentation Material

Securities Code 3471

Mitsui Fudosan Logistics Park Inc. (MFLP-REIT)





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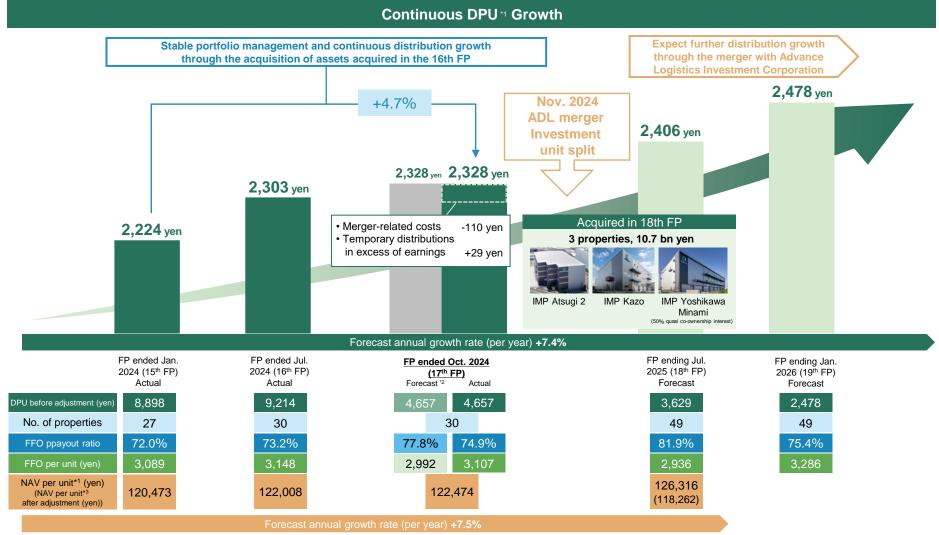
1. Highlights







Achieve continued DPU, NAV growth with ADL merger and new acquisitions



*1 For further details, please refer to [Highlights] in the Notes on Matters Stated in this Document on p. 49-51

*2 Announced on August 5, 2024

*3 [Adjusted NAV per unit] figure excludes reserves for temporary difference adjustments (RTA)

*4 In conjunction with the merger with Advance Logistics Investment Corporation, the 17th fiscal period has been changed to a 3-month period from August 1, 2024 to October 31, 2024. The 18th fiscal period has been changed to a 9-month period from November 1, 2024 to July 31, 2025. As a result, the value of the actual DPU and DPU forecast for the 17th and 18th fiscal periods will be presented on a 6-month equivalent basis. In addition, a 4-for-1 investment unit split was implemented on November 1, 2024, with October 31, 2024 as the date of record. Reflecting this, figures for DPU for the 15th to 17th fiscal periods, FFO per investment unit and NAV per investment unit have been restated here to reflect the impact of the investment unit split.



17th Fiscal Period (Ended October 2024) P/L

(Unit: million yen)	Adjusted 16th fiscal period Actual ^{*1} (a)	Adjusted 17th fiscal period Forecast ^{*1} (August 5, 2024)	Adjusted 17th fiscal period Actual ^{*1} (b)	Difference (b)-(a)
Operating revenue	12,413	12,816	12,996	583
Rental expenses (excluding depreciation)	2,905	3,277	3,287	381
NOI	9,507	9,539	9,709	201
Depreciation	3,296	3,148	3,304	7
Net rental revenues	6,210	6,390	6,405	194
General and administrative expenses, etc.	1,389	1,767	1,665	275
Operating income	4,821	4,622	4,739	-81
Non-operating income	1	-	5	3
Non-operating expenses	461	492	490	28
Ordinary income	4,360	4,130	4,254	-105
Profit (Net income) (Before considering negative goodwill)	4,359	4,128	4,253	-106
Extraordinary gain (Negative goodwill gain)	-	-	-	-
Profit (Net income) (After considering negative goodwill)	4,359	4,128	4,253	-106
FFO	7,656	7,277	7,557	-98
FFO Payout ratio	73.2%	77.8%	74.9%	1.7pt
Total number of investment units (unit)	2,432,000	2,432,000	2,432,000	-
Distribution per unit (DPU) (yen)	2,303	2,328	2,328	25
Of which, Distributions of earnings per unit (EPU) (yen)	1,792	1,698	1,748	-44
Of which, Distributions in excess of earnings per unit (yen)	511	630	580	69
(Of which, one-off distribution in excess of earnings per unit (yen))	(6)	(115)	(29)	23
Distributions in excess of earnings expressed as a percentage of depreciation	37.7%	48.7%	42.7%	-

Main breakdown of difference

Operating revenue	
Increase due to properties acquired in the 16th FP	+74
Increase in utilities charge (excluding properties acquired in the 16th FP)	+315
Increase in solar power generation facilities rent revenue (excluding properties acquired in the 16th FP)	+22
Increase related to lease renewals for floor space at several existing properties	+27
Increase in other operating revenue	+143
Operating expenses	
Increase due to properties acquired in the 16th FP	+32
Increase in repair expenses (excluding properties acquired in the 16th FP)	+72
Increase in utilities expense (excluding properties acquired in the 16th FP)	+264
Decrease in asset management fees	-13
Increase in merger-related costs	+238
Increase in other operating expenses	+71

Non-operating expenses	
Increase in interest expenses	+32
Decrease in other non-operating expenses	-3

<reference> Formula for distribution per unit based on FFO*</reference>						
FFO	=	Profit (Net income)	+	Depreciation, etc.	···①	
Source of funds for distributions	=	① FFO	×	Upper limit 75%	(2)	
Distributions per unit	=	②Source of funds for distributions	÷	Number of investme issued and outstar	nt units nding	

* Properties acquired in the 16th FP: MFLP Hiratsuka III, MFLP Shinkiba I, SG Realty MFLP Fukuoka Kasuya, MFLP Tomei Ayase(50%)

*1 For further details, please refer to [Adjusted Forecast] and [Method of calculation of cash distribution based on FFO] in the Notes on Matters Stated in this Document on p.49-51

1 -2.



18th FP (Ending July 2025) and 19th FP (Ending January 2026) Earnings Forecast

(Unit: million yen)	17th fiscal period Actual ⁻¹	Adjusted 17th fiscal period Actual ^{°1} (a)	18th fiscal period Forecast ^{*1}	Adjusted 18th fiscal period Forecast ⁻¹ (b)	Difference (b)-(a)	Adjusted 19th fiscal period Forecast ^{∺1} (c)	Difference (c)-(b)
Operating revenue	6,498	12,996	24,933	16,530	3,533	16,837	306
Rental expenses (excluding depreciation)	1,643	3,287	6,014	3,987	700	3,542	-445
NOI	4,854	9,709	18,918	12,543	2,833	13,294	751
Depreciation	1,652	3,304	6,505	4,312	1,008	4,542	229
Net rental revenues	3,202	6,405	12,413	8,230	1,824	8,752	522
General and administrative expenses, etc.	832	1,665	3,411	2,261	596	1,863	-398
Operating income	2,369	4,739	9,001	5,968	1,228	6,889	920
Non-operating income	2	5	-	-	-5	-	-
Non-operating expenses	245	490	1,243	824	334	848	23
Ordinary income	2,127	4,254	7,757	5,143	888	6,040	897
Profit (Net income) (Before considering negative goodwill)	2,126	4,253	7,756	5,142	889	6,039	897
Extraordinary gain (Negative goodwill gain)	-	-	25,932	17,193	17,193	· ·	-17,193
Profit (Net income) (After considering negative goodwill)	2,126	4,253	33,689	22,336	18,082	6,039	-16,296
FFO	3,778	7,557	14,262	9,455	1,898	10,582	1,126
FFO Payout ratio	74.9%	74.9%	81.9%	81.9%	7.0pt	75.4%	-6.5pt
Total number of investment units(unit)	608,000	2,432,000	3,219,699	3,219,699	787,699	3,219,699	-
Distribution per unit (DPU) (yen)	4,657	2,328	3,629	2,406	78	2,478	72
Of which, Distributions of earnings per unit (EPU) (yen)	3,498	1,748	3,629	2,406	658	2,478	72
Of which, Distributions in excess of earnings per unit (yen)	1,159	580	0	0	-580	0	0
(Of which, one-off distribution in excess of earnings per unit (yen))	(58)	(29)	(0)	(0)	-29	(0)	0
Distributions in excess of earnings expressed as a percentage of depreciation	42.7%	42.7%	0%	0%	-	0%	-

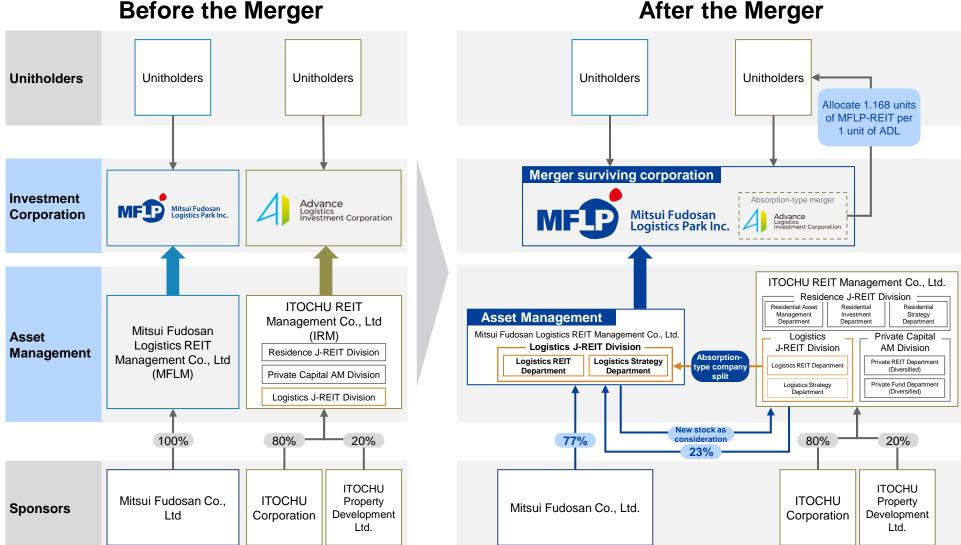
*1 For further details, please refer to [Adjusted Forecast] and [Method of calculation of cash distribution based on FFO] in the Notes on Matters Stated in this Document on p.49-51

2. Overview of the Merger



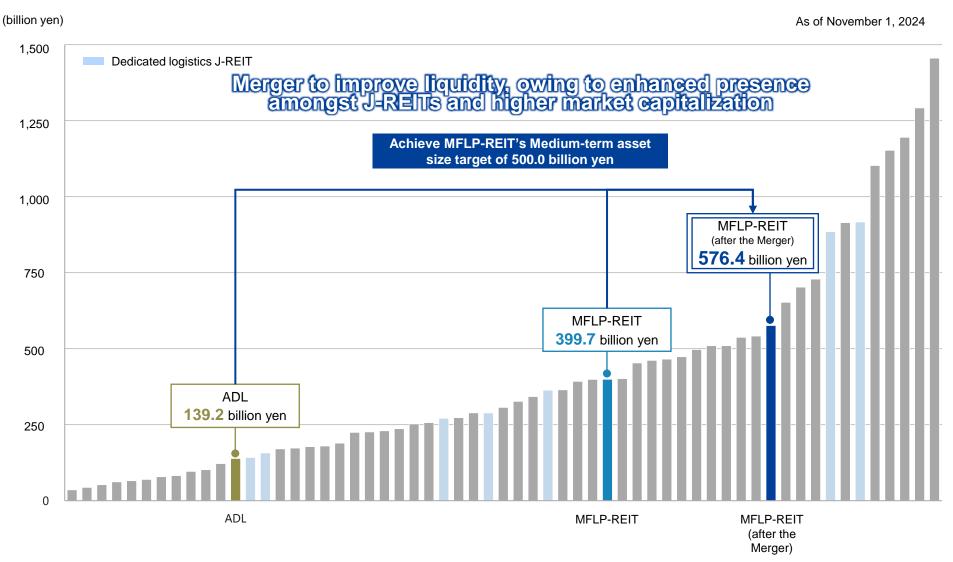
August 2024	September	October	November	December	January 2025	February
Aug. 5: Signing of Me	rger Agreement	Sep. 30 General Unitholde	er Meeting Oct. 31 17 th fiscal period (Nov. 1 Merger takes		. 18 Announce 17 th FP results	
					of frac	 Begin payments for sale tional investment units & ut payments
 Overview of the Merger Absorption-type merger with Mitsui Fudosan Logistics Park Inc. (MFLP) as the surviving investment corporation and Advance Logistics Investment Corporation (ADL) as the dissolving investment corporation Merger of 2 dedicated logistics facilities REITs to result in substantial growth in asset size and operational efficiencies 						
Effects of the M	J-ا • Im • Ap ma • St	 Asset size expands to 576.4 billion yen through merger (12th amongst J-REITs), enhancing market presence in J-REIT market and liquidity Improved portfolio diversification through increased asset size, further enhancing stability Approximately 26 billion yen in negative goodwill from the merger will be applied to maintain stable DPU management Strengthen sponsor support through dual sponsor structure: combination of leading comprehensive developer and major trading house; aim to enhance unitholder value 				
Further growth as a representat dedicated logist J-REIT	tive of tics tics tics	enhance internal grov ontinue to acquire from a ursue a disciplined ext	vth capability an abundant pipeline ernal growth strateg ity as a result of larger	backed by the devel y asset size to promot	er and major trading hous opment capability of the te asset recycling and a agement strategies	dual sponsors;

Merger Scheme



After the Merger

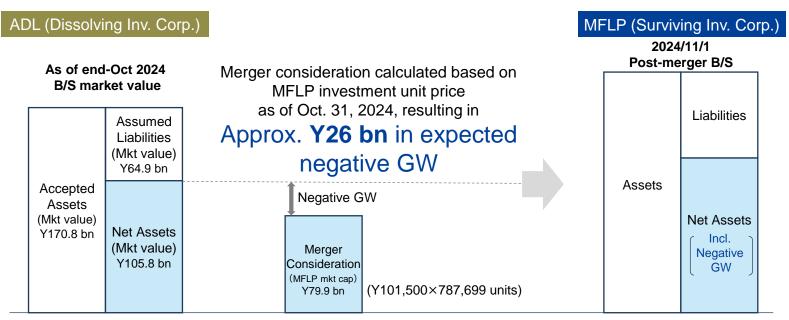
Enhance presence amongst J-REITs through the Merger



* The asset sizes shown in the graph are based on publicly disclosed data by each J-REIT as of November 1, 2024. For ADL and MFLP, the sum of acquisition prices for each is shown. The figure for MFLP-REIT (after the merger) is the sum of the acceptance price for properties accepted as a part of the merger (using appraisal value as of October 31, 2024, the appraisal date) in lieu of acquisition price, and the acquisition price for the 3 properties newly acquired on November 1, 2024. 2 -2. Effects of the Merger 2

Use of Negative Goodwill $\frac{1}{2}$

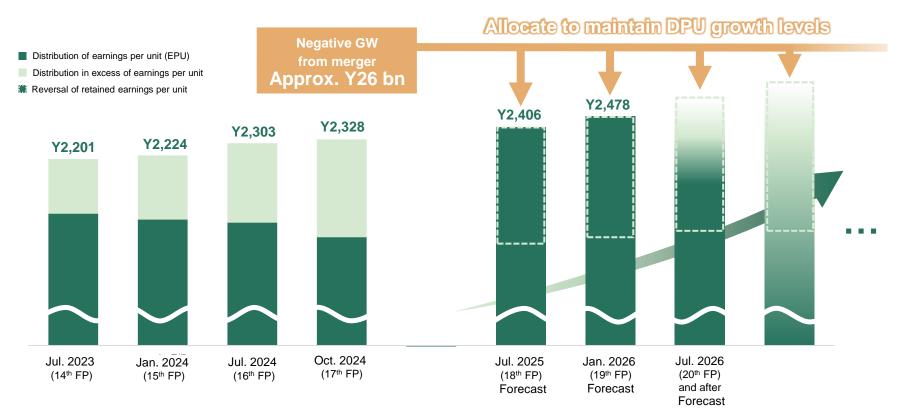
Expect to incur approximately 26 billion yen in negative goodwill from the merger This will be recorded as a Reserve for Temporary Difference Adjustments within net assets and used to manage DPU stability



Accounting treatment of negative goodwill

B/S Treatment	After allocating a portion to DPU in the 1 st post-merger FP, plan to record as Reserves for Temporary Difference Adjustments (RTA) within Net Assets
P/L Treatment	Recorded as extraordinary profit in the 1 st post-merger FP
Impact on DPU	Plan to reverse 1% or more of the initial RTA recorded every fiscal period, to be allocated to DPU Can be used flexibly as a top-up to net profits, which can be then used to fund distributions With regard to profit distributions related to the value of the mismatch between tax and accounting treatment in each fiscal period (the avoidance of incurring taxation), MFLP-REIT's current policy would be to use it in the event of a sudden and unanticipated loss or for the stabilization of DPU





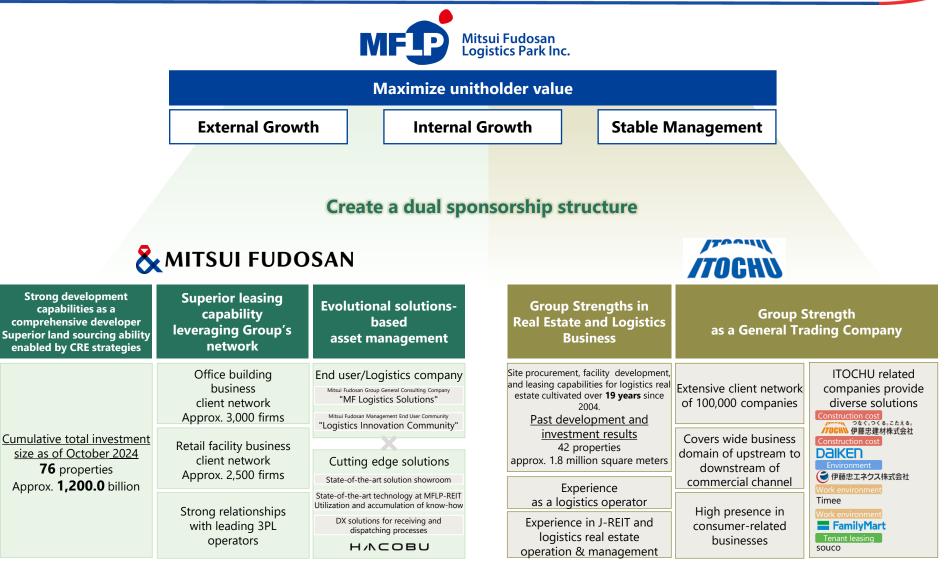
[(Ref.) Accounting and tax treatment for unitholders receiving DPU

	Accounting treatment	Tax treatment
EPU/RTA reversal	Profit distribution	Treated as dividend income
Reserve for Temporary Difference Adjustments	Treated as either dividend or capital reimbursement, subject to the accounting policy of investors receiving distributions	Treated as dividend income
[Ref.] Distributions in excess of earnings	Capital reimbursement (Reduction of book value)	Under tax law this is a distribution of capital invested, which must be appropriately declared as deemed dividends and deemed transfer income

3. Growth Strategy of MFLP-REIT



Strengthen sponsor support through a dual sponsorship structure, consisting of a comprehensive developer and general trading company $\frac{1}{2}$



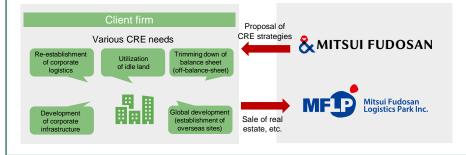
3 -1. Establishment of a Dual Sponsorship Structure

Strengthen sponsor support through a dual sponsorship structure, consisting of a comprehensive developer and general trading company $\frac{2}{2}$

Mitsui Fudosan – External growth

Acquiring properties through proposal of corporate real estate (CRE) strategies

Mitsui Fudosan has developed by making use of its Platform (business foundation) and broad client network, emerging as a comprehensive real estate company. Mitsui Fudosan stimulates the potential needs of client firms in the area of real estate by proposing corporate real estate (CRE) strategies and offering real estate consultancy. It also offers advisory services on CRE strategy, such as providing solutions for real estate development and sales that meet the needs of its client firms.

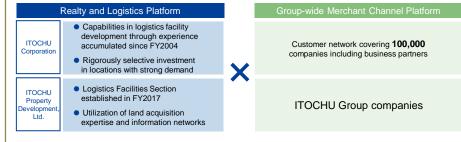


ITOCHU Group - External growth

External growth by leveraging the ITOCHU Group's customer network and its expertise

Leverage broad network and group capability as a major trading house to focus on strengthen customer relations to identify projects and provide added value. Also, aim to realize synergies and take advantage of the functionalities of a major trading company beyond development of logistics facilities, such as the supply of products, materials and logistics functions and the installation of solar panels

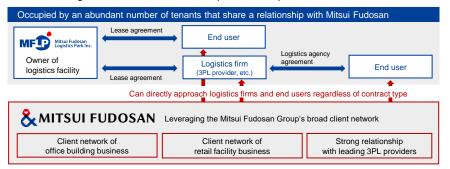
Stable Sourcing System



Mitsui Fudosan - Internal growth

Utilizing the Mitsui Fudosan Group's client network in leasing

Regarding the leasing of logistics facilities, MFLP-REIT believes that it can stably manage its portfolio by utilizing the strength of the Mitsui Fudosan Group as a comprehensive real estate developer. The Mitsui Fudosan Group's strength is its ability to directly approach tenant firms, that is, end users and/or logistics firms (3PL providers, etc.), based on the broad and strong client network that the Group has developed.

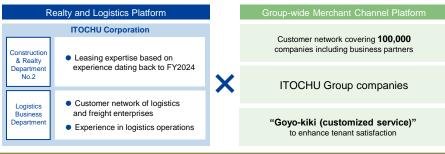


ITOCHU Group - Internal growth

Capitalize on the real estate/logistics platforms and the trading company/distribution platforms to the maximum

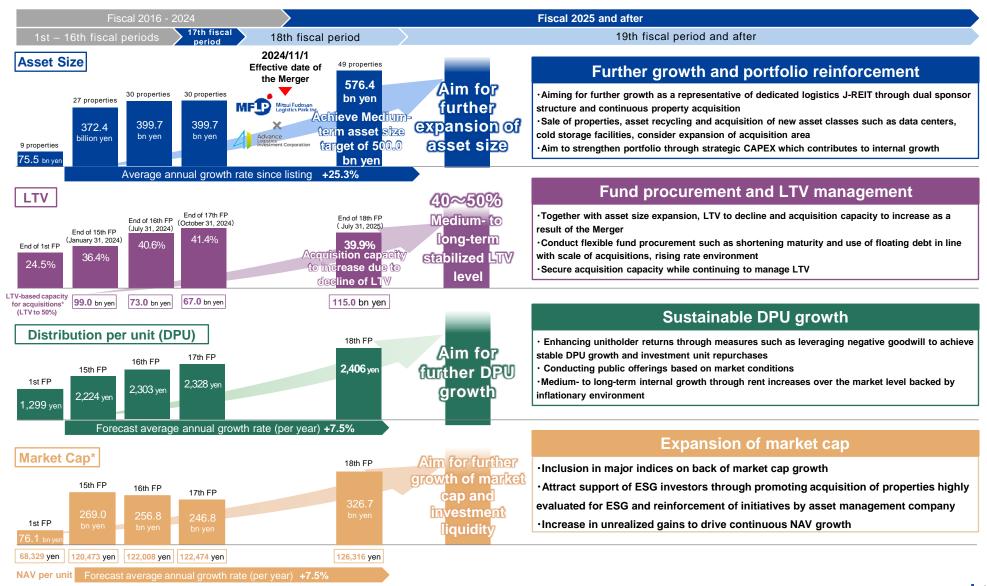
When a customer of ITOCHU becomes a tenant of a logistics property owned by MFLP-REIT, we aim to strengthen the relationship with the tenant and improve satisfaction by having the ITOCHU Group provide solutions that address the customers' logistics issues

Leasing System with the Distinctive Mark of a Trading Company



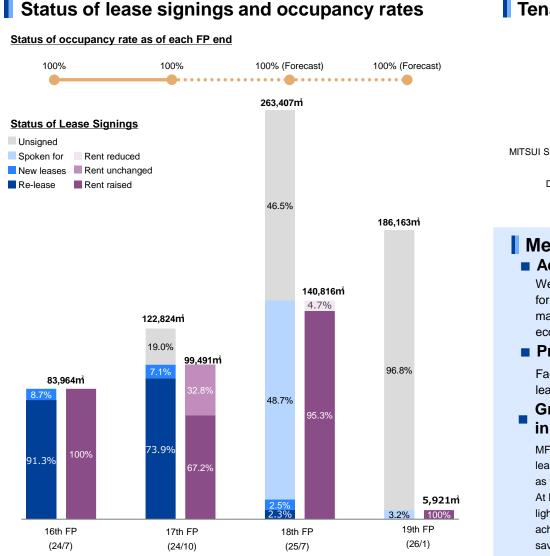


Aim to further enhance unitholder value based on basic strategy and four roadmaps

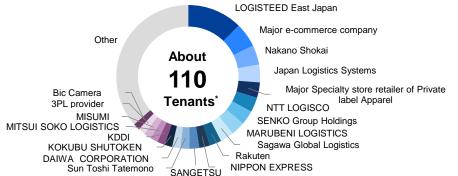


* For further details, please refer to [Basic Strategy and Four Roadmaps] in the Notes on Matters Stated in this Document on p.49-51





Tenant diversification



* Total tenants reflects the total number of leases and does not include MFIPs

Measures to boost rent levels going forward Adoption of rent review clause

We are transitioning to lease contracts that incorporate a clause that allows for a review of rent levels. At specifically predetermined intervals, the majority of the contract allows a renegotiation of rent levels subject to economic and other conditions.

Promotion of step-up leases

Factoring in expected inflation going forward, we will promote the adoption of leases where rents rise in the back-end of the lease (upside only).

Green lease clauses to enhance environmental initiatives and internal growth

MFLP-REIT promotes enhanced initiatives by both the owner and tenant through green lease clauses in its contracts. Based on such clauses, we are promoting measures such as the adoption of LED lighting in dedicated tenant space.

At MFLP Funabashi Nishiura, not only has the adoption of LED lighting reduced energy consumption, but MFLP-REIT has achieved internal growth through sharing of the running cost savings enjoyed by some tenants.



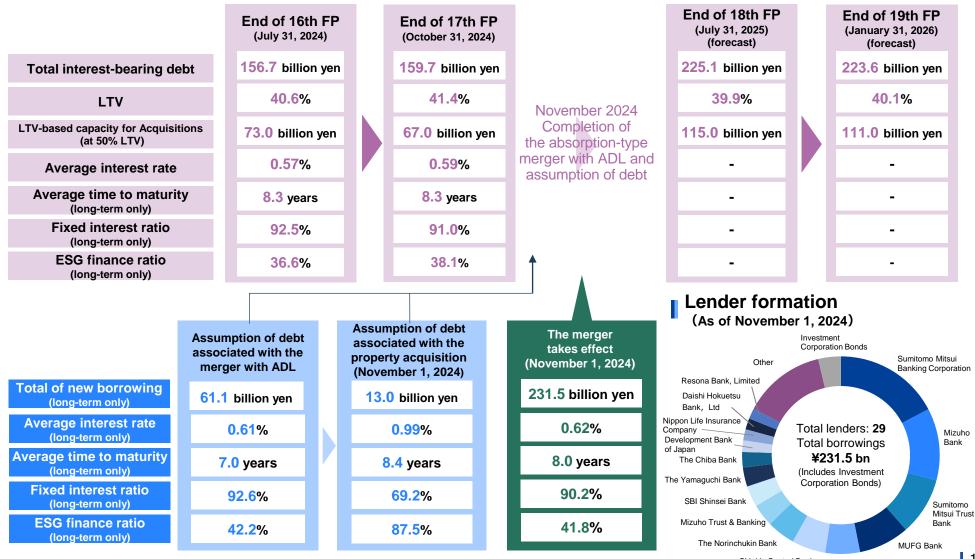
Mitsui Fudosan

ogistics Park Inc.

MFLP Funabashi Nishiura

LTV management and stable financial operation

Changes in major financial metrics



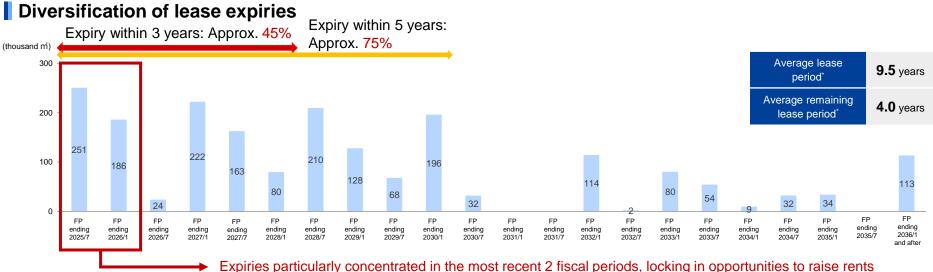
Shinkin Central Bank The Bank of Fukuoka

Mitsui Fudosan Logistics Park Inc.



Long-term (fixed rate) borrowing

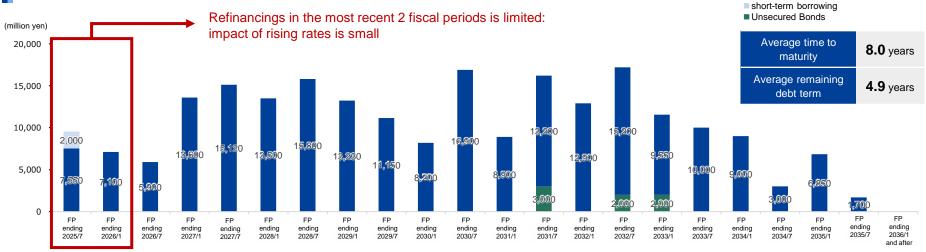
Favorable lease expiry timing and diversified debt maturities



* The graph reflects properties (excluding MFIP) owned after the merger with ADL. Figures for leasable floor space based on leases in place as of October 31, 2024

* For further details, please refer to [Internal Growth] in the Notes on Matters Stated in this Document on p.49-51

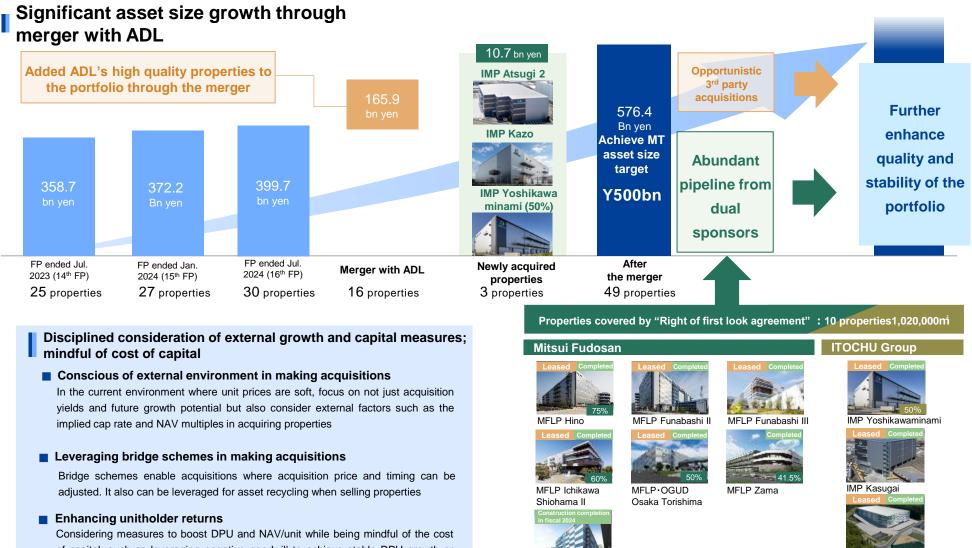
Interest-bearing debt maturity ladder and lender formation



* Reflects figures after the borrowings on December 12, 2024.



Asset size growth and disciplined acquisitions reflecting the environment



MFLP Yokohama

Shinkoyasu

of capital, such as leveraging negative goodwill to achieve stable DPU growth or using cash on hand or proceeds from property sales to repurchase investment units

* For further details, please refer to [Properties with the right of first look and preferential negotiation rights] in the Notes on Matters Stated in this Document on p.49-51

IMP Kuwana

3 properties 110,000m

7 properties 900,000m

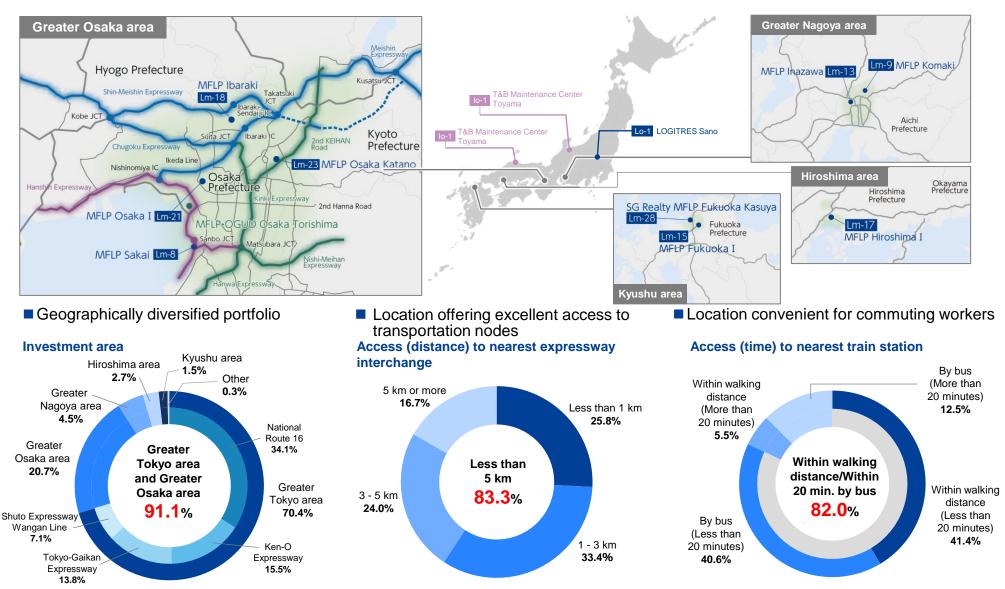


Build a high quality portfolio by taking advantage of geographical diversification





Build a high quality portfolio by taking advantage of geographical diversification



* The pie charts above are calculated based on acquisition prices after the merger with ADL (limited to logistics facilities).

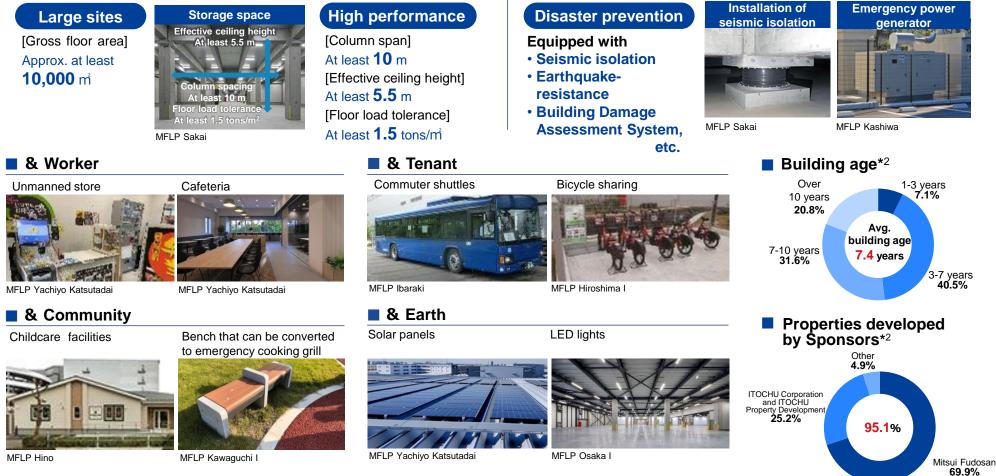
3 -4. External Growth Strategy (Expansion of Asset Size) Emphasis on Quality



Build a balance portfolio to lock in growth and stability, acquiring advanced logistics facilities from the diverse properties developed by Mitsui Fudosan and ITOCHU Group

Mitsui Fudosan quality

Basic specifications of leading-edge logistics facilities



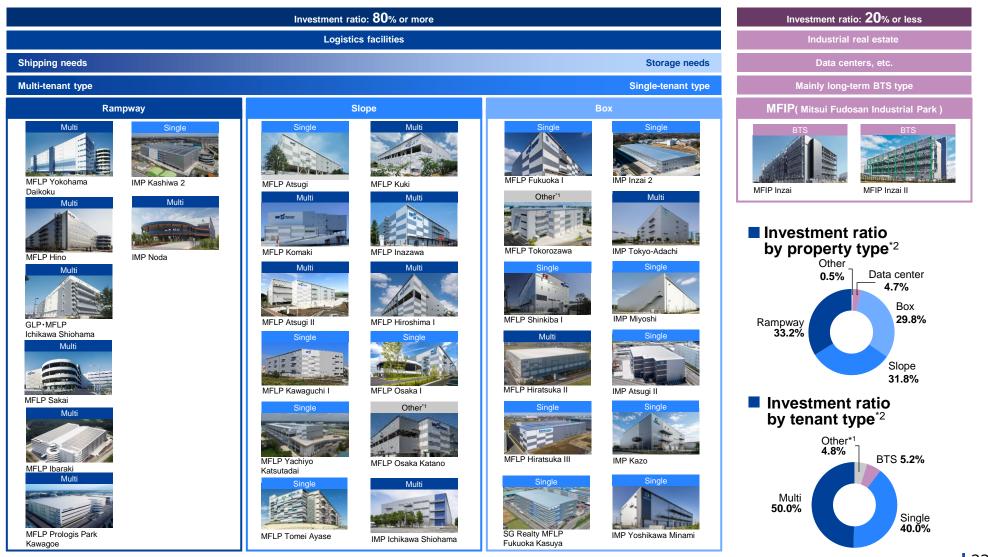
1 Photos are for illustrative purposes only. Not all MFLP facilities or portfolio assets are necessarily equipped with all of the abovementioned specifications and features.

*2 Figures are calculated based on the total gross floor area after the merger with ADL, adjusted for (quasi) co-ownership interests.

3 -4. External Growth Strategy (Expansion of Asset Size) Emphasis on Balance



MFLP-REIT concentrates investments in leading-edge logistics facilities. Mitsui Fudosan quality achieved by applying Mitsui Fudosan's expertise as a comprehensive developer



*1 "Other" refers to a property for which the classification (multi or single) cannot be disclosed in this material as consent for disclosure has not been obtained from the lessee.

*2 The pie charts above are calculated based on acquisition prices after the merger with ADL.

Asset recycling

Expanding growth opportunities driven by dual sponsorship structure

After the Merger, aim for further growth as a result of improved portfolio stability and dual sponsorship structure

Acquisitions in new asset classes

Cold storage facilities

- Rising penetration of Food EC and chilled shipping to drive demand for cold storage facilities
- Currently, much of Japan's stock of cold storage facilities is old and owned by SMEs. If such facilities were scrapped, Japan would likely face a nationwide shortage of cold storage facilities

R&D facility, manufacturing plant

Data center

- Domestic data traffic boosted by the pandemic. Advances in 5G, IOT and others are expected to drive further growth
- In the new Long-term Vision
 "& Innovation 2030", sponsor Mitsui
 Fudosan stated its intention to
 strengthen the data center business.
 Mitsui Fudosan expects data centers to
 become essential infrastructure in
 future
- Demand for R&D facilities to support innovation through open engagement projected to increase
- Mitsui Fudosan positions the creation of new industries as a key strategy, stepping up the development of R&D facilities in major urban centers and in proximity to academia/medical institutions

Enhancing the value /redevelopment of older properties

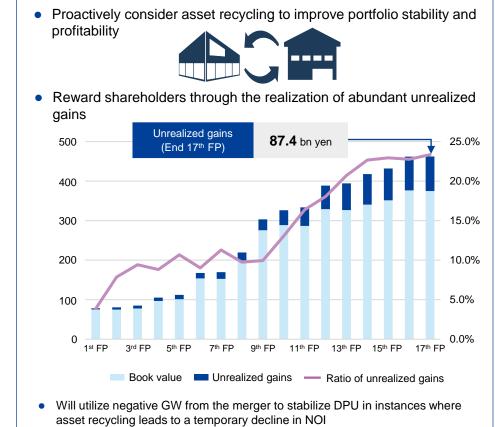
- Consider redevelopment of existing properties to be implemented by the investment corporation
- Aim to improve profitability and asset quality by capitalizing on unutilized FARs

Expansion of acquisition area

Consider expansion of acquisition area with the aim of acquiring highly profitable properties in regional area









Contribute to social and economic development and conserving the environment, based on Group Vision [& EARTH]

Mitsui Fudosan Group's ESG Principles

Under the principles of coexisting in harmony with society, linking diverse values, and achieving a sustainable society that are represented by the Group logo " **a**" the Mitsui Fudosan Group holds " **a**" **EARTH** " as its Group Vision and is committed to make contributions to social and economic development, and to global environmental preservation.

the " & EARTH' principle reflects our awareness of the fact that the urban development by the Mitsui Fudosan Group has to be in tune with the planet, and our vision of a society that enriches both people and the planet.

Sharing of the ESG Principles with Mitsui Fudosan Group

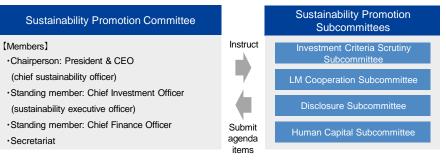
As a member of the Mitsui Fudosan Group, the Asset Management Company shares the Mitsui Fudosan Group ESG Principles, and by building a highly energy-efficient portfolio centered on MFLP facilities (leading-edge logistics facilities with 'Mitsui Fudosan quality'), will promote contributing to our stakeholders in order to achieve a sustainable society.



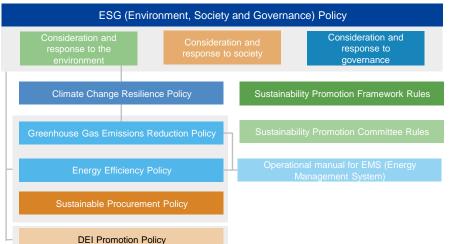
Asset Management Co.'s efforts to promote ESG

MFLP-REIT Management Co., Ltd, the asset management company of Mitsui Fudosan Logistics Park Investment Corporation, has established the "ESG (Environment, Society, Governance) Policy" in November 2017, and is addressing on ESG issues in collaboration with Mitsui Fudosan.

Organizational chart



ESG-related policies and rules







Proactively secure green building certifications, conservation efforts

Promoting transition to green power

MFLP-REIT acquired top GRESB rating of 5 Star in the 2024 GRESB Real Estate Assessment for the third consecutive year. Also rated GreenStar, and received the top rating of A level under GRESB's disclosure assessment, both for the fourth consecutive year.



Initiatives for reducing environmental load

MFLP-REIT has implemented efforts to reduce CO2 emissions through energy saving while promoting efficient use of energy at its portfolio assets by measures like introducing LED lights and installing roof-top solar panels.

Installing roof-top solar panels



Implementation of a wheeling scheme

MFLP-REIT has initiated a wheeling scheme. Additional solar panels have been installed at MFLP Atsugi II, with the excess electric power to be supplied to other properties owned by MFLP-REIT. While it is challenging to undertake solar panel installation work at an operational property compared to a property in development, including negotiations with tenants, it makes it possible to improve the green functionality of a property on a standalone basis. In addition, the wheeling scheme enables a transition to green power for the portfolio as a whole, which can reduce GHG emissions.

- *1 For further details, please refer to [Initiatives for ESG] [ZEB certification] and [Annual solar power generation] in the Notes on Matters Stated in this Document on p.49-51
- *2 Calculations based on total floor area after the merger with ADL adjusted to reflect (quasi) co-ownership interests.
- *3 Exclude single tenant property from the denominator of properties owned by MFLP-REIT after the merger with ADL.
- *4 Calculations based on leasable floor area after the merger with ADL adjusted to reflect (quasi) co-ownership interests.

Monitoring of environmental KPIs

Latest performance and progress against environmental KPIs generally on track. Aim to achieve targets by promoting initiatives to reduce environmental impact in the future.

CO2 emissions intensity (t-CO2/mi)	2016 (base year)	2023
Whole building (Scope1·2·3)	0.017 Reduction of 30% by 2030	0.014 (19.5% reduction)
Owner-managed portion (Scope1·2)	0.060 Reduction of 100% by 2030	0.016 (73.9% reduction)
Tenant-managed portion (Scope3)	0.014 Reduction of 24% by 2030	0.014 (3.0% reduction)
Water usage intensity (m/m)	2016 (base year)	2023
Logistics facilities	0.07 Not to increase above base-year level	0.07 (2.2% reduction)
Waste recycling rate	Targets	2023
Logistics facilities	70% or more by 2030	60.7%

* Above data excludes data centers (industrial real estate) as a result of NDAs in place with tenants. Industrial real estate is excluded from disclosures.

Green Building certification ratio	Targets	After the acquisition of assets	
Logistics facilities	Maintain 95%	97.9%	
Portfolio	Maintain 90%	95.1%	
LED lighting adoption ratio	Targets	After the acquisition of assets	
Owner-managed portion	100% by 2023	100%*2*3	
Tenant-managed portion	100% by 2030	91.0%*2*3	
Green leases adoption ratio	Targets	After the acquisition of assets	
Portfolio	75% or more by 2025 90% or more by 2030	46.6% ^{*4}	





Ongoing initiatives for our many stakeholders

Initiatives for stakeholders

Utilizing the know-how of Mitsui Fudosan, the sponsor, the properties owned by MFLP-REIT promote initiatives to offer a healthy, pleasant and safe environment out of consideration for stakeholders such as tenants, facility users, the surrounding environment and local communities.

Participating in local community activities

By participating in local cleanup activities, the asset management company is actively working to contribute to the local community and raise environmental awareness among employees.



Cooperation with support group for the disabled (Group Happy Smile)

Group Happy Smile

An organization that plans and provides a place where people with disabilities can sell independently produced products, as well as a place where they can introduce and sell their artwork to society.









Childcare facilities



* Photos are for illustrative purposes only. Not all MFLP facilities or portfolio assets are necessarily equipped with all of the abovementioned specifications and features.











Initiatives for governance: Taking unitholders' interests into consideration

MFLP-REIT and the Asset Management Company are working to establish proper governance through the following measures in order to build a solid relationship of trust that aligns interests of unitholders with those of MFLP-REIT and the Asset Management Company while giving sufficient consideration to unitholders' rights.

Rules concerning conflicts of interest in asset management

The acquisition and transfer of assets by MFLP-REIT from related parties are decided by the Asset Management Company via a transparent decision-making process.



*1 The above chart shows the decision-making flow when a transaction involves a related party, which requires the approval of MFLP-REIT's Board of Directors under Article 201-2 of the Act on Investment Trusts and Investment Corporations.

*2 If a transaction falls below the threshold prescribed in Article 201-2 of the Act on Investment Trusts and Investment Corporations for significance defined therein, the approval of MFLP-REIT's Board of Directors shall be omitted.

Asset management with emphasis placed on relationship of trust with unitholders

Asset management fee structure consistent with the interests of unitholders

Our aim is to align the interests of the Asset Management Company with those of unitholders.

Asset management fee I	Total assets \times 0.1% (maximum)
Asset management fee II	Operating income (before deduction of asset management fees and depreciation) \times 5.5% (maximum)
Asset management fee III	Pre-tax earnings (before deduction of asset management fees) \times Pre-tax EPU (before deduction of asset management fees) \times 0.001% (maximum)

Same-boat investments by both sponsors

After merger, both sponsors to continue same-boat investments by accepting a certain level of investment, the interests of both sponsors will be aligned with those of the unitholders. MFLP-REIT will operate in such a way as to enhance the interests of both.

	<mark>冬</mark> 三井不動産 MITSUI FUDOSAN	TOCHU
Post-merger stakes	3.59%	1.22%

Timely and proper information disclosure and ensuring transparency

MFLP-REIT strives to make timely and proper disclosure of information necessary for unitholders to make investment decisions. With regard to disclosure, MFLP-REIT focuses on prompt and transparent information disclosure in a fair and equitable manner, and, in addition to financial information, also discloses non-financial information related to ESG.

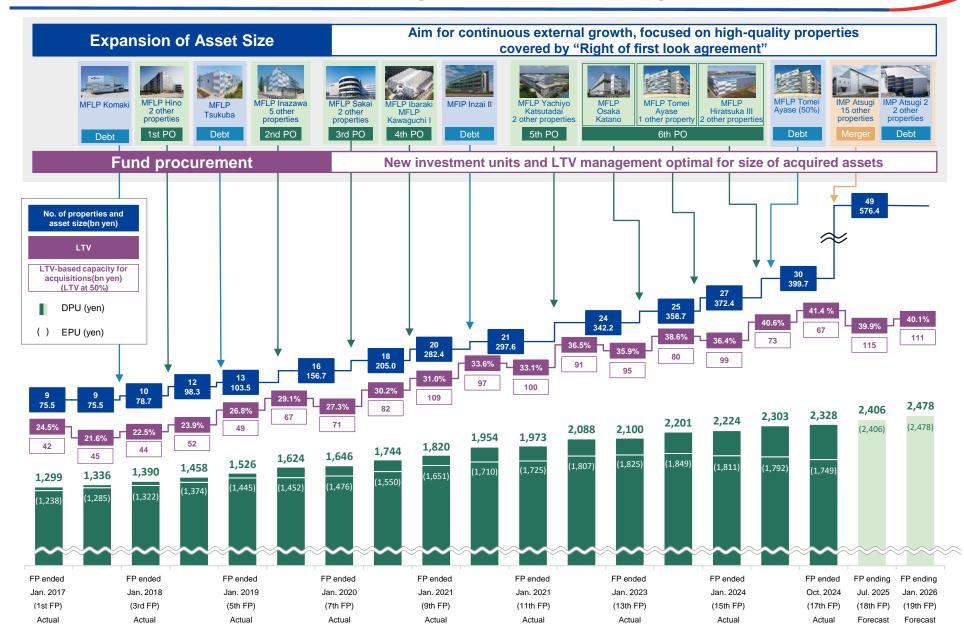
3 -7. DPU Growth

Track record of stable distribution growth with external growth as the main driver

Mitsui Fudosan

Logistics Park Inc.

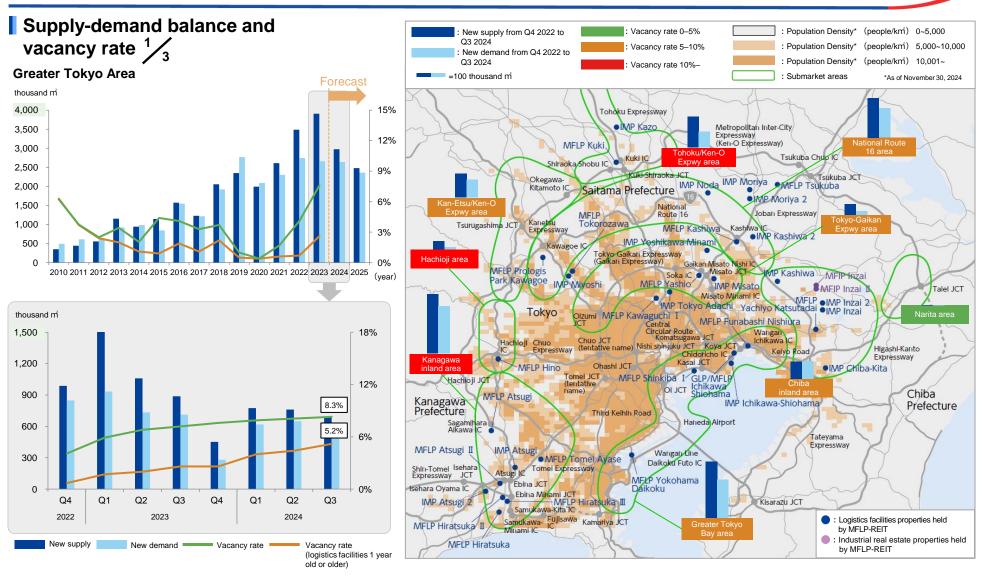
29



4. Market Overview



Market overview 1



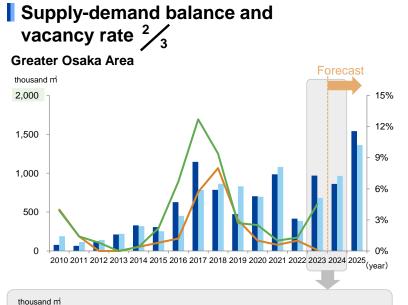
Source: CBRE K.K. (November 2024)

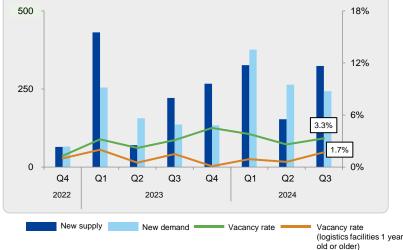
* Survey of rental logistics facilities held by real estate investment companies, real estate development companies, etc. with total floor area of 5,000 m² or more.

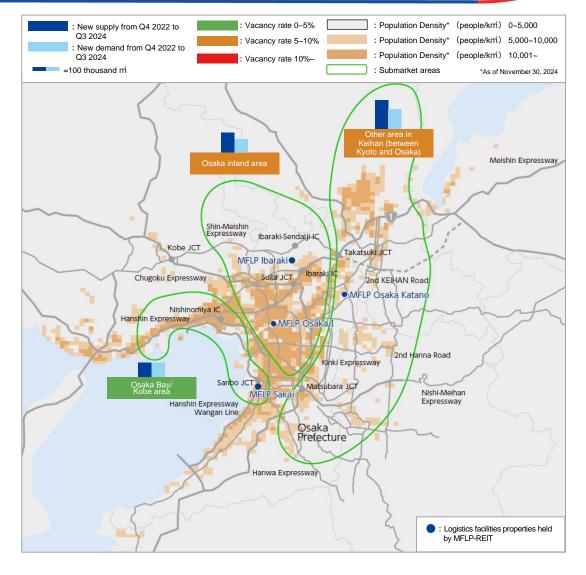
* Population distribution data based on Ministry of Land, Infrastructure and Transport's data on Future Population Estimates by 1 km (2018 Estimates)



Market overview 1







Source: CBRE K.K. (November 2024)

* Survey of rental logistics facilities held by real estate investment companies, real estate development companies, etc. with total floor area of 5,000 m² or more.

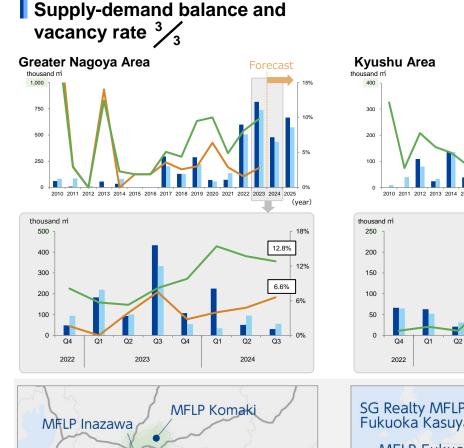
* Population distribution data based on Ministry of Land, Infrastructure and Transport's data on Future Population Estimates by 1 km² (2018 Estimates)

Mitsui Fudosan Logistics Park Inc.



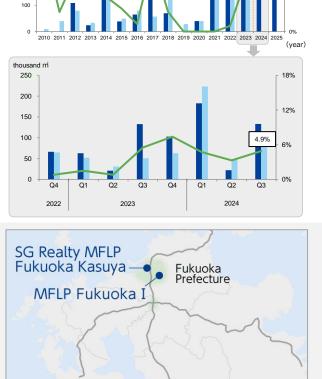
Mitsui Fudosan's

Market overview 1



Aichi

Prefecture

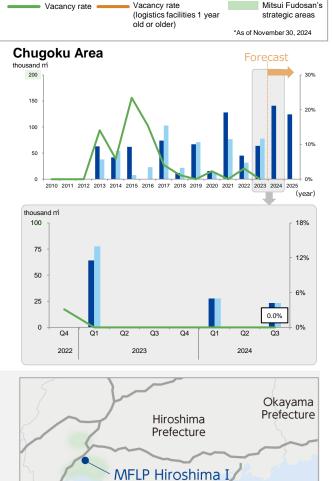


New supply

by MFLP-REIT

: Logistics facilities properties held

New demand

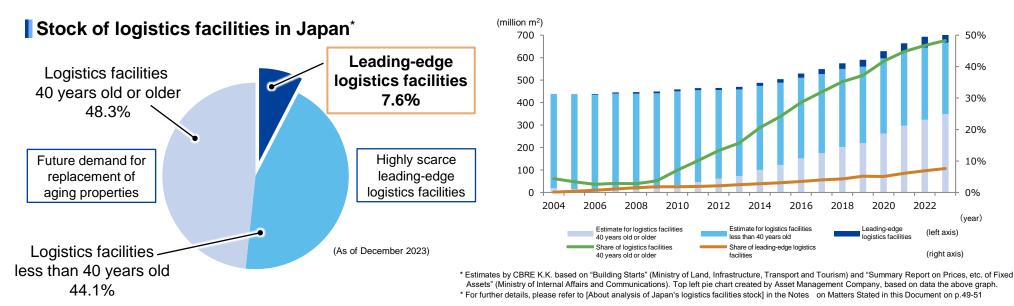


Source: CBRE K.K. (November 2024)

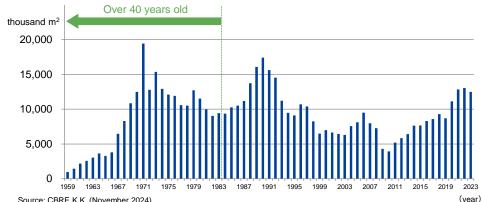
* Survey of rental logistics facilities held by real estate investment companies, real estate development companies, etc. with total floor area of 5,000 m² or more.



Market overview 2



Long-term data on construction starts of logistics facilities (nationwide)

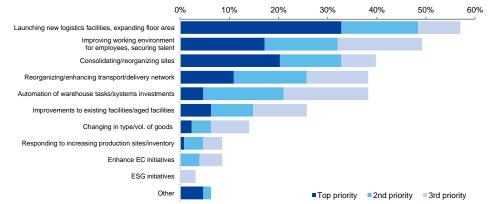


Source: CBRE K.K. (November 2024)

* Figures calculated as the sum total of the floor area of structures with "warehouse" as the use category and "steel-framed structure." "reinforced concrete structure" or "steel-framed reinforced concrete structure" as the structure type

Tenant demand to increase floor space in logistics facilities

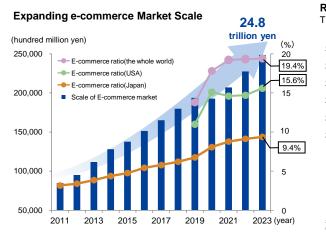
Survey "Priority/Focus Initiatives for the Next 3 Years (FY2024)"



Source: CBRE K. K. " Tenant Survey on use of Logistic Facilities 2024" (as of June 2024)

Market overview 3

Rising demand on back of growth in e-commerce market scale



Source: "E-Commerce Market Survey" by the Ministry of Economy, Trade and Industry (Announced on September 25, 2024)

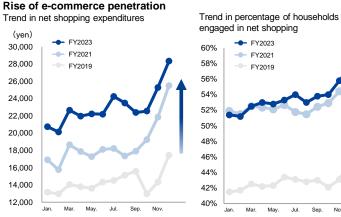
* Amounts and percentages indicate the scale of B to C market in the e-commerce market. the basis for the calculation of the e-commerce ratio is limited to merchandise sales.

Surging construction costs

Trends in construction material and labor costs



Source: Construction Research Institute 'Index of Construction Material Prices' (Base year 2015) (Announced Jan. 10, 2024) MLIT 'Concerning Labor Unit Prices for Public Construction and Design to be applied from March 2024. (Announced February 16, 2024)

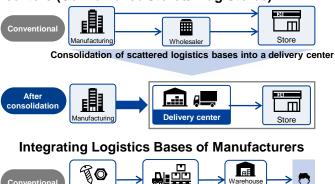


Source: Ministry of Internal Affairs and Communications "Survey of Household Economy" "Monthly expenditures per household utilizing the Internet" nationwide, stratified into districts and urban areas.(as of February 6, 2024)

Sep.

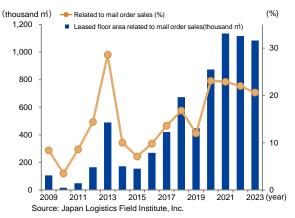
Broader demand for leading-edge logistics facilities

Attracting demand from retailers for delivery centers (Convenience Stores/Drug Stores)



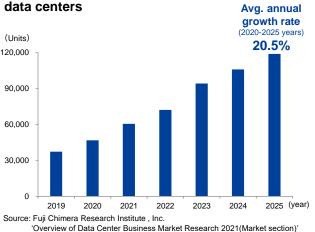


E-commerce operators: Increase in leased floor area, share of leased floor area



Expansion of the data center market

Forecast of operational racks at hyperscale



(March 2021) * 2019 is prospective data point; all data points for 2020 and beyond are forecasts)



5. Appendix







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Our portfolio $\frac{1}{3}$ (As of November 1, 2024)

9propertie	s 576	.4 billion yen	4.4 % (aft	er depreciation 2.9	%)	4.0%	0		7.4	years		98.3%	
Category	Property no.	Propert	ty name	Location	(Anticipated) Acquisition price* (million yen)	Appraisal Value* (million yen)	Adjusted forecast NOI yield* (%)	NOI yield* (%)	Appraisal NOI / Appraisal value* (%)	Gloss floor area* (㎡)	Total leasable floor area* (mੈ)	Building age* (years)	Occupanc rate* (%)
	Lm-1	GLP • MFLP Ic Shiohama (50% quasi co-ow		Ichikawa, Chiba	15,500	20,650	4.8	4.7	3.5	105,019 (52,509)	50,813	10.8	100
	Lm-2	MFLP Kuki		Kuki, Saitama	12,500	15,700	4.5	5.1	4.1	73,153	67,925	10.3	100
	Lm-3	MFLP Yokoha (50% quasi co-ow		Yokohama, Kanagawa	10,100	11,300	4.8	4.8	4.3	100,530 (50,265)	47,939	15.6	100
	Lm-4	MFLP Yashio		Yashio, Saitama	9,650	12,400	5.2	5.1	4.0	40,728	39,692	10.6	100
	Lm-5	MFLP Atsugi		Aiko, Kanagawa	7,810	10,400	5.9	5.5	4.1	40,942	40,958	9.6	100
	Lm-6	MFLP Funaba	shi Nishiura	Funabashi, Chiba	6,970	8,490	5.6	5.0	4.1	30,947	31,034	9.7	100
	Lm-7	MFLP Kashiwa	a	Kashiwa, Chiba	6,300	8,120	5.6	5.3	4.1	31,242	31,291	8.9	100
	Lm-8	MFLP Sakai		Sakai, Osaka	23,600	28,200	5.3	4.9	4.1	125,127	112,148	10.1	100
Logistics	Lm-9	MFLP Komaki		Komaki, Aichi	8,260	9,080	4.1	4.6	4.2	40,597	38,806	7.8	100
facilities	Lm-10	MFLP Hino (25% quasi co-ow	vnership interest)	Hino, Tokyo	12,533	14,100	4.2	4.2	3.7	205,200 (51,300)	46,801	9.0	100
	Lm-11	MFLP Hiratsul	ka	Hiratsuka, Kanagawa	7,027	8,380	5.0	4.8	4.0	33,061	33,055	7.9	100
	Lm-12	MFLP Tsukuba	Existing building Annex building	Tsukubamirai, Ibaraki	8,781	11,300	5.3	5.7	4.5	37,027 25,457	37,938 25,600	14.3 6.6	100
	Lm-13	MFLP Inazawa	a	Inazawa, Aichi	16,200	19,100	5.0	4.9	4.1	72,883	68,922	7.4	100
	Lm-14	MFLP Atsugi I	I	Isehara, Kanagawa	13,100	15,600	4.8	4.6	3.9	48,976	48,032	6.5	100
	Lm-15	MFLP Fukuok	al	Kasuya, Fukuoka	5,263	6,700	5.4	5.4	4.2	32,199	32,216	8.1	100
	Lm-16	MFLP Prologis (50% quasi co-ow	s Park Kawagoe	Kawagoe, Saitama	14,800	17,700	4.6	4.6	3.8	117,337 (58,668)	56,723	6.0	100
	Lm-17	MFLP Hiroshir	ma I	Hiroshima, Hiroshima	14,480	16,800	5.3	5.0	4.3	68,427	66,665	5.2	100
	Lm-18	MFLP Ibaraki		Ibaraki, Osaka	58,900	68,900	4.5	4.3	3.7	230,435	208,811	7.2	100





Our portfolio $\frac{2}{3}$ (As of November 1, 2024)

Category	Property no.	Property n	ame	Location	(Anticipated) Acquisition price* (million yen)	Appraisal Value* (million yen)	Adjusted forecast NOI yield* (%)	NOI yield* (%)	Appraisal NOI / Appraisal value* (%)	Gloss floor area* (㎡)	Total leasable floor area* (㎡)	Building age* (years)	Occupancy rate* (%)
	Lm-19	MFLP Kawaguchi	il	Kawaguchi, Saitama	18,500	21,000	4.1	4.2	3.7	49,838	48,119	5.0	100
	Lm-20	MFLP Yachiyo Ka	atsutadai	Yachiyo, Chiba	18,000	19,200	4.3	4.2	4.0	74,624	69,830	4.2	100
	Lm-21	MFLP Osaka I		Osaka, Osaka	13,900	14,700	4.0	4.0	3.8	43,919	43,880	4.3	100
	Lm-22	MFLP Hiratsuka I	I	Hiratsuka, Kanagawa	12,700	13,700	3.5	4.2	3.9	48,141	46,525	5.0	100
	Lm-23	MFLP Osaka Kata	ano	Katano, Osaka	16,500	16,400	5.1	4.9	5.0	68,528	67,264	3.1	100
	Lm-24	MFLP Tomei Aya	se	Ayase, Kanagawa	19,530	19,800	3.7	3.7	3.6	56,764	54,148	2.3	100
	Lm-25	MFLP Tokorozaw	a	Iruma, Saitama	4,090	4,090	4.8	4.7	4.7	21,721	21,725	3.4	100
	Lm-26	MFLP Hiratsuka I	II	Hiratsuka, Kanagawa	8,410	8,470	4.0	4.1	4.0	29,474	28,327	1.7	100
	Lm-27	MFLP Shinkiba I		Koto, Tokyo	5,940	6,140	3.6	3.6	3.5	9,584	9,585	1.7	100
Logistics Facilities	Lm-28	SG Realty MFLP Kasuya (50% co-ownership in		Kasuya, Fukuoka	3,040	3,040	4.9	4.8	4.8	35,626 (17,813)	18,061	2.1	100
	Li-1	IMP Atsugi	Building A Building B	Atsugi, Kanagawa	6,560	6,560	4.0	4.1	4.1	3,909 15,387	4,120 16,456	12.1 12.2	100
	Li-2	IMP Kashiwa		Kashiwa, Chiba	8,390	8,390	4.0	4.3	4.3	31,976	31,999	9.6	100
	Li-3	IMP Noda		Noda, Chiba	17,100	17,100	3.8	4.0	4.0	62,750	61,278	8.7	100
	Li-4	IMP Moriya		Tsukuba Mirai, Ibaraki	4,330	4,330	4.4	4.4	4.4	18,680	18,111	7.6	100
	Li-5	IMP Misato		Misato, Saitama	7,570	7,570	2.1	3.9	3.9	22,506	22,664	7.3	0
	Li-6	IMP Chiba-Kita		Chiba, Chiba	3,050	3,050	4.5	4.2	4.2	9,841	10,478	6.9	100
	Li-7	IMP Inzai		Inzai, Chiba	29,100	29,100	4.8	4.2	4.2	110,022	110,516	6.7	100
	Li-8	IMP Moriya 2		Tsukuba Mirai, Ibaraki	1,170	1,170	5.2	4.9	4.9	6,779	7,727	29.9	100
	Li-9	IMP Kashiwa 2		Kashiwa, Chiba	38,600	38,600	3.5	3.9	3.9	117,435	116,883	6.2	100

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Our portfolio $\frac{3}{3}$ (As of November 1, 2024)

Category	Property no.	Property name	Location	(Anticipated) Acquisition price* (million yen)	Appraisal Value* (million yen)	Adjusted forecast NOI yield* (%)	NOI yield* (%)	Appraisal NOI / Appraisal value* (%)	Gloss floor area* (㎡)	Total leasable floor area* (mੈ)	Building age* (years)	Occupancy rate* (%)
	Li-10	IMP Inzai 2	Inzai, Chiba	6,120	6,120	4.4	4.4	4.4	26,938	27,007	5.6	100
	Li-11	IMP Tokyo-Adachi	Adachi, Tokyo	12,500	12,500	3.1	4.0	4.0	27,872	27,828	6.5	51.0
	Li-12	IMP Miyoshi	Iruma, Saitama	2,910	2,910	3.9	4.0	4.0	10,300	10,320	5.1	100
Logistics	Li-13	IMP Ichikawa Shiohama	Ichikawa, Chiba	24,300	24,300	3.7	3.7	3.7	57,724	54,311	5.2	100
Facility	Lo-1	LOGITRES Sano	Sano, Tochigi	1,380	1,380	5.1	5.0	5.0	7,144	7,144	1.6	100
	Li-14	IMP Atsugi 2	lsehara, Kanagawa	4,712	5,030	4.2	4.2	3.9	15,530	15,513	2.3	100
	Li-15	IMP Kazo	Kazo, Saitama	3,031	3,220	4.4	4.4	4.2	11,173	11,173	2.1	100
	Li-16	IMP Yoshikawa Minami Acquired (50% quasi co-ownership interest)	Ichikawa, Saitama	3,019	3,020	3.9	3.9	3.9	17,852 (8,926)	9,342	1.1	100
	Subt	total or Average	-	546,227	603,810	4.4	4.4	4.0	2,471,348 (2,129,264)	2,055,723	7.2	98.2
	lm-1	MFIP Inzai	Inzai, Chiba	12,220	14,700	5.0	4.9	4.1	40,478	Not disclosed	10.7	Not disclosed
Industrial	lm-2	MFIP Inzai II	Inzai, Chiba	15,150	17,900	4.8	4.8	4.0	27,268	30,906	4.4	100
real estate	lo-3	T&B Maintenance Center Toyama	Toyama, Toyama	1,610	1,610	7.0	-	-	7,164	7,164	27.5	100
	lo-4	T&B Maintenance Center Matsue	Matsue, Shimane	1,280	1,280	6.8	-	-	6,615	6,615	31.8	100
	Subt	total or Average	-	30,260	35,490	5.1	4.8	4.1	81,526	Not disclosed	11.8	Not disclosed
	To	tal or Average	-	576,487	639,300	4.4	4.4	4.0	2,552,874 (2,210,790)	Not disclosed	7.4	98.3
Reference	es : As	of end of 17th period										
		jistics facilities no. Lm-1 to Lm-28)	Subtotal	372,384	429,460	4.6	4.6	4.0	1,897,520 (1,564,363)	1,492,845	7.4	100
6		tal or Average	_	399.754	462,060	4.7	4.6	4.0	1,965,267	Not disclosed	7.4	100

462,060

4.7

4.6

4.0

(1,632,110)

Not disclosed

7.4

399,754

For further details, please refer to [Our portfolio] in the Notes on Matters Stated in this Document on p.49-51.

*1 "Gross floor area" figures in parentheses are the figures after taking into consideration the ownership interest.

"Total leasable floor area" figures are the figures after taking into consideration the ownership interest. *2

(Property no. Lm-1 to Lm-28, Im-1, Im-2)

100

Appraisal summary for the end of 17th fiscal period $\frac{1}{3}$

			End of 17th		fiscal period I. 2024) (a)	End of 17th f (End of Oc		Cha (b)-			s of change
	Acquisition date	Acquisition price	fiscal period Book value	Appraisal value	CR ^{*1}	Appraisal value	CR ^{*1}	Appraisal value	CR ^{*1}	CR ^{*1}	Other
GLP/MFLP Ichikawa Shiohama (50%)	September 2016	15,500	14,371	20,650	3.4%	20,650	3.4%	0	0.0	-	-
MFLP Kuki	August 2016	12,500	10,963	15,700	3.9%	15,700	3.9%	0	0.0	-	-
MFLP Yokohama Daikoku (50%)	August 2016	10,100	9,373	11,300	4.1%	11,300	4.1%	0	0.0	-	-
MFLP Yashio	August 2016	9,650	8,739	12,400	3.8%	12,400	3.8%	0	0.0	-	-
MFLP Atsugi	August 2016	7,810	6,862	10,400	3.9%	10,400	3.9%	0	0.0	-	-
MFLP Funabashi Nishiura	August 2016	6,970	6,243	8,490	3.9%	8,490	3.9%	0	0.0	-	-
MFLP Kashiwa	August 2016	6,300	5,541	8,120	4.0%	8,120	4.0%	0	0.0	-	-
MFLP Sakai	August 2016 [*]	23,600	21,908	28,200	4.0%	28,200	4.0%	0	0.0	-	-
MFLP Komaki	August 2017 [*]	8,260	7,142	9,080	4.0%	9,080	4.0%	0	0.0	-	-
MFLP Hino (25%)	February 2018 [*]	12,533	11,595	14,100	3.7%	14,100	3.7%	0	0.0	-	-
MFLP Hiratsuka	March 2018	7,027	6,423	8,380	3.9%	8,380	3.9%	0	0.0	-	-
MFLP Tsukuba	December 2018 [*]	8,781	8,089	11,300	4.3%	11,300	4.3%	0	0.0	-	-
MFLP Inazawa	February 2019	16,200	14,317	19,100	4.0%	19,100	4.0%	0	0.0	-	-
MFLP Atsugi II	February 2019	13,100	11,936	15,600	3.7%	15,600	3.7%	0	0.0	-	-
MFLP Fukuoka I	February 2019 [*]	5,263	4,696	6,710	4.1%	6,700	4.1%	-10	0.0	-	0
MFLP Prologis Park Kawagoe (50%)	February 2020	14,800	13,918	17,850	3.7%	17,700	3.7%	-150	0.0	-	0
MFLP Hiroshima I	March 2020	14,480	13,414	16,800	4.2%	16,800	4.2%	0	0.0	-	-
MFLP Ibaraki	October 2020	58,900	55,822	68,900	3.6%	68,900	3.6%	0	0.0	-	-

Mitsui Fudosan Logistics Park Inc.

(Unit: million yen)



	Acquisition	Acquisition	End of 17th fiscal	End of 16th (End of Ju	fiscal period I. 2024) (a)	End of 17th (End of Oc	fiscal period t. 2024) (b)	Cha (b)·	nge ·(a)	Main factors	s of change
	date	price	period Book value	Appraisal value	CR ^{*1}	Appraisal value	CR [™]	Appraisal value	CR ^{*1}	CR ^{*1}	Other
MFLP Kawaguchi I	October 2020	18,500	17,846	20,600	3.6%	21,000	3.6%	400	0.0	-	0
MFLP Yachiyo Katsutadai	February 2022	18,000	17,353	19,200	3.9%	19,200	3.9%	0	0.0	-	-
MFLP Osaka I	February 2022	13,900	13,524	14,700	3.7%	14,700	3.7%	0	0.0	-	-
MFLP Hiratsuka II	February 2022	12,700	12,350	13,700	3.8%	13,700	3.8%	0	0.0	-	-
MFLP Osaka Katano	February 2023	16,500	15,741	16,400	4.3%	16,400	4.3%	0	0.0	-	-
MFLP Tomei Ayase	August 2023 [*]	19,530	19,477	19,800	3.6%	19,800	3.6%	0	0.0	-	-
MFLP Tokorozawa	August 2023	4,090	3,981	4,090	4.6%	4,090	4.6%	0	0.0	-	-
MFLP Hiratsuka III	February 2024	8,410	8,412	8,460	4.0%	8,470	4.0%	10	0.0	-	0
MFLP Shinkiba I	February 2024	5,940	5,963	6,140	3.3%	6,140	3.3%	0	0.0	-	-
SG Realty MFLP Fukuoka Kasuya (50% co-ownership interest)	February 2024	3,040	3,166	3,040	4.5%	3,040	4.5%	0	0.0	-	-
MFIP Inzai	August 2016 [*]	12,220	11,122	14,700	3.9%	14,700	3.9%	0	0.0	-	-
MFIP Inzai II	March 2021	15,150	14,321	17,900	4.0%	17,900	4.0%	0	0.0	-	-
Total/average	-	399,754	374,625	461,810	-	462,060	-	250	-	-	-
Reference (as of Nove	ember 1, 2024)'										
IMP Atsugi Building A Building B	September 2018	6,560	6,560	-	-	6,560	4.0%	-	-	-	-
IMP Kashiwa	September 2018	8,390	8,390	-	-	8,390	4.0%	-	-	-	-
IMP Noda	September 2018	17,100	17,100	-	-	17,100	3.9%	-	-	-	-
IMP Moriya	September 2018	4,330	4,330	-	-	4,330	4.2%	-	-	-	-



(Unit: million yen)

Appraisal summary for the end of 17th fiscal period $\frac{3}{3}$

Reference (as of Nove	ember 1, 2024)*		End of	End of 16th	fiscal period	End of 17th	fiscal period	Cha	nge		: million yen)
	Acquisition	Acquisition	17th fiscal		ilscal period il. 2024) (a)	(End of 17th	tiscal period ct. 2024) (b)	(b)	-(a)	Main factor	s of change
	date	price	period Book value	Appraisal value	CR [™]	Appraisal value	CR [™]	Appraisal value	CR ^{*1}	CR ^{*1}	Other
IMP Misato	September 2018	7,570	7,570	-	-	7,570	3.7%	-	-	-	-
IMP Chiba-Kita	September 2018	3,050	3,050	-	-	3,050	4.1%	-	-	-	-
IMP Inzai	September 2018 [*]	29,100	29,100	-	-	29,100	4.2%	-	-	-	-
IMP Moriya 2	April 2019	1,170	1,170	-	-	1,170	4.4%	-	-	-	-
IMP Kashiwa 2	February 2020 [*]	38,600	38,600	-	-	38,600	3.8%	-	-	-	-
IMP Inzai 2	November 2020	6,120	6,120	-	-	6,120	4.2%	-	-	-	-
IMP Tokyo-Adachi	April 2021	12,500	12,500	-	-	12,500	3.6%	-	-	-	-
IMP Miyoshi	April 2021	2,910	2,910	-	-	2,910	3.9%	-	-	-	-
IMP Ichikawa Shiohama	October 2022*	24,300	24,300	-	-	24,300	3.5%	-	-	-	-
LOGITRES Sano	April 2024	1,380	1,380	-	-	1,380	4.9%	-	-	-	-
IMP Atsugi II	November 2024	4,712	4,712	-	-	5,030	3.9%	-	-	-	-
IMP Kazo	November 2024	3,031	3,031	-	-	3,220	4.1%	-	-	-	-
IMP Yoshikawa Minami (50% quasi co-ownership interest)	November 2024	3,019	3,019	-	-	3,020	3.8%	-	-	-	-
T&B Maintenance Center Toyama*	August 2024	1,610	1,610	-	-	1,610	-	-	-	-	-
T&B Maintenance Center Matsue*	August 2024	1,280	1,280	-	-	1,280	-	-	-	-	-
Total/average	-	576,487	551,358	4		639,300	-	-	-	-	-
				Difference = U 87,941 m	nrealized gain* hillion yen						

* For further details, please refer to [Appraisal Summary for the End of 17th Fiscal Period] in the Notes on Matters Stated in this Document on p.49-51.

*1 CR = Capitalization rate based on direct capitalization method (NCF basis). The average indicates a weighted average based on the appraisal value. For "MFLP Osaka Katano" and "SG Realty MFLP Fukuoka Kasuya", Discount rate (revised Inwood method of capitalization over a definite term) is listed.





Individual property income statement for 17th fiscal period $\frac{1}{2}$

															(Unit: r	nillion yen)
		GLP/ MFLP Ichikawa Shiohama	MFLP Kuki	MFLP Yoko- hama Daikoku	MFLP Yashio	MFLP Atsugi	MFLP Funa- bashi Nishiura	MFLP Kashiwa	MFLP Sakai	MFLP Komaki	MFLP Hino	MFLP Hiratsuka	MFLP Tsukuba	MFLP Inazawa	MFLP Atsugi II	MFLP Fukuoka I
Number of d asset manag		92	92	92	92	92	92	92	92	92	92	92	92	92	92	92
Operating	Lease business revenue	232	224	175					393		185					
revenue from real estate	Other lease business revenue	24	21	11					45		19					
leasing	Total	257	246	187					439		205					
	Out- sourcing expenses	22	17	13					31		19					
	Utilities expenses	19	18	11					35		16					
	Repair expenses	1	2	0	Not disclosed*	Not disclosed*	Not disclosed*	Not disclosed*	5	Not disclosed*	0	Not disclosed*	Not disclosed*	Not disclosed*	Not disclosed*	Not disclosed*
Operating expenses	Land rent	-	-	-					-		-					
from real estate leasing	Property- related taxes	20	21	21					40		18					
	Miscellaneous expenses	1	1	1					2		0					
	Other expenses	-	-	-					-		-					
	Total	66	61	48					114		56					
Depreciation	n	40	55	45	31	31	25	25	103	44	43	25	48	91	57	28
	ncome (loss) state leasing	150	129	92	104	86	65	64	220	43	105	62	72	122	96	44
[Operating i	al estate leasing income (loss) state leasing + n])	190	184	138	136	118	91	89	324	88	148	88	120	214	154	73

* Not disclosed, because consent has not been obtained from the lessee.



Individual property income statement for 17th fiscal period $\frac{2}{2}$

																(Unit: m	nillion yen)
		MFLP Prologis Park Kawagoe	MFLP Hiro- shima I	MFLP Ibaraki	MFLP Kawa- guchi I	MFLP Yachiyo Katsu- tadai	MFLP Osaka I	MFLP Hira- tsuka II	MFLP Osaka Katano	MFLP Tomei Ayase	MFLP Tokoro- zawa	MFLP Hiratsuka III	MFLP Shinkiba I	SG Realty MFLP Fukuoka Kasuya	MFIP Inzai	MFIP Inzai II	Total
Number of d asset manag		92	92	92	92	92	92	92	92	92	92	92	92	92	92	92	-
Operating	Lease business revenue	205	241	873													5,960
revenue from real estate	Other lease business revenue	15	22	108													537
leasing	Total	221	264	982													6,498
	Out- sourcing expenses	12	16	56													412
	Utilities expenses	12	16	67													374
	Repair expenses	1	2	53	Not disclosed*	Not disclosed*	Not disclosed*	Not disclosed*	Not disclosed*	Not disclosed*	Not disclosed*	Not disclosed*	Not disclosed*	Not disclosed*	Not disclosed*	Not disclosed*	137
Operating expenses from	Land rent	-	-	-													49
real estate leasing	Property- related taxes	23	30	80													579
	Miscellaneous expenses	1	1	61													89
	Other expenses	-	-	-													0
	Total	50	67	319													1,643
Depreciation	n	53	66	215	46	75	45	43	136	58	30	32	9	24	47	65	1,652
Operating in from real es	ncome (loss) state leasing	116	130	447	149	124	93	99	71	133	19	64	49	17	105	116	3,202
[Operating i	al estate leasing income (loss) state leasing + n])	170	196	662	196	200	139	142	208	192	49	97	59	41	153	181	4,854

* Not disclosed, because consent has not been obtained from the lessee.

Statement of income and Balance sheet

Statement of income		(Unit: million yen)
Item	16th fiscal period (ended Jul. 31, 2024) Actual	17th fiscal period (ended Oct. 31, 2024) Actual
Operating revenue	12,413	6,498
Lease business revenue	11,820	5,960
Other lease business revenue	593	537
Operating expenses	7,592	4,128
Expenses related to rent business	6,202	3,295
Asset management fee	1,140	563
Asset custody and administrative service fees	42	26
Directors' compensations	6	3
Other operating expenses	200	239
Operating income	4,821	2,369
Non-operating income	1	2
Non-operating expenses	461	245
Interest expenses	411	221
Interest expenses on investment corporation bonds	15	7
Amortization of investment corporation bonds	2	1
Amortization of investment unit issuance expenses	18	9
Offering costs associated with Issuance of investment units	6	2
Other	7	2
Ordinary income	4,360	2,127
Profit before income taxes	4,360	2,127
Income taxes	0	0
Profit (Net income)	4,359	2,126
Unappropriated retained earnings	4,359	2,127

Balance sheet (Unit: million yen) 17th fiscal period 16th fiscal period (ended Jul. 31, 2024) (ended Oct. 31, 2024) Item Actual Actual Current assets 9,537 10,980 Cash and deposits 381 887 Cash and deposits in trust 8,238 9,071 Consumption taxes receivable 474 443 1,020 Other current assets 374,960 Non-current assets 376,561 Property, plant and equipment 373,919 372,354 Other non-current assets 2.641 2.606 Deferred assets 53 63 Total assets 386,162 385,994 **Current liabilities** 12,742 15,180 Operating accounts payable 604 802 Short-term borrowings 2,000 5,000 Current portion of long-term loans payable 6,600 5,700 Accounts payable 1.423 903 Accrued consumption taxes 460 Advances received 2.098 2.099 Other current liabilities 14 214 Non-current liabilities 156,689 157,558 5,000 Investment corporation bonds 5,000 143,100 144,000 Long-term borrowings Tenant leasehold and security deposits in trust 8,425 8,393 Asset retirement obligations 158 159 Other non-current liabilities 5 5 **Total liabilities** 169,431 172,739 Total unitholders' equity 216,730 213,255 Unitholders' capital 218,093 218,093 Deduction from unitholders' capital -6,965 -5,722 212,371 211,128 Unitholders' capital, net Surplus 4.359 2.127 Total net assets 213,255 216,730

Total liabilities and net assets

386,162





External evaluation and certifications

Environmental performance results (As of November 1, 2024)

Property name DBJ Green Building	CASBEE (New construction)	CASBEE . (Real estate) [*]	BELS	ZEB	Property name	DBJ Green Building [*]	CASBEE (New construction) *	CASBEE (Real estate) [*]	BELS	z
GLP•MFLP Ichikawa Shiohama	Rank A*	Rank S*	*****	ZEB Ready	MFLP Osaka I			Rank A*	****	ZEB
	D 1 11				MFLP Hiratsuka II			Rank A*	*****	ZEB
MFLP Kuki ****	Rank A*		****		MFLP Osaka Katano		Rank A		*****	٢Z
MFLP Yokohama Daikoku ★★★★		Rank S	*****	ZEB Ready	MFLP Tomei Ayase			Rank A*	*****	
MFLP Yashio	Rank A*				MFLP Tokorozawa			Rank B+*		
MFLP Atsugi		Rank A*								
MFLP Funabashi Nishiura	Rank A*				MFLP Hiratsuka III			Rank A*	*****	Near
MFLP Kashiwa	Rank A*				MFLP Shinkiba I				*****	٢Z
MFLP Sakai [™] ★★★★	Rank S*		****	ZEB Ready	SG Realty MFLP Fukuoka Kasuya		Rank A		****	٢z
MFLP Komaki		Rank A*			IMP Kashiwa	***				
MFLP Hino ****			****	ZEB Ready	IMP Noda	***				
MFLP Hiratsuka		Rank A*			IMP Moriya	****			****	
MFLP (Existing building)			****		IMP Misato	****			****	
Tsukuba (Annex Building)			****	ZEB Ready	IMP Chiba-Kita				****	
MFLP Inazawa	Rank A*	Rank A*	****	ZEB Ready	IMP Inzai	****			****	
MFLP Atsugi II		Rank A*	****	『ZEB』	IMP Kashiwa 2			Rank S	****	ZEB
MFLP Fukuoka I	Rank A*				IMP Inzai 2	****			****	
MFLP Prologis Park Kawagoe	Rank A*		*****		IMP Tokyo-Adachi	****			****	
MFLP Hiroshima I		Rank A*	*****	ZEB Ready	IMP Miyoshi	****			****	
MFLP Ibaraki		Rank A*	****	ZEB Ready	IMP Ichikawa Shiohama			Rank S	****	ZEB
MFLP Kawaguchi I		Rank S*	****	ZEB Ready	IMP Atsugi II			Rank A*	****	
MFLP Yachiyo Katsutadai			****	Nearly ZEB	IMP Kazo			Rank A*		

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* For further details, please refer to [Green Building certification] in the Notes on Matters Stated in this Document on p.49-51.

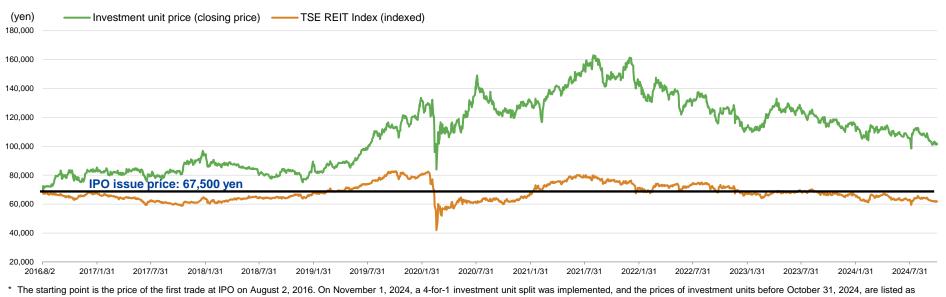
*1 In addition to the above green certifications, MFLP Sakai also won the FY2015 Osaka Environmentally Friendly Building Award (Retail and other facilities category).

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Investment unit price trends/status of unitholders



one-fourth of their original value.

* The TSE REIT Index is indexed to the August 2, 2016 opening price.

Status of unitholders at the end of 17th fiscal period (end of October 2024)

Number of Unitholders and Number of Investment Units by Type of Unitholder

Number of Number of % of total investment % of total unitholders units Individuals/Other 10,021 93.0% 34,573 units 5.7% Financial institutions 178 1.7% 333,146 units 54.8% Other Japanese 261 2.4% 35,127 units 5.8% corporations Non-Japanese 292 2.7% 191,716 units 31.5% 19 0.2% 13,438 units 2.2% Securities companies Total 10,771 100.0% 608,000 units 100.0%

Major Unitholders

	Number of investment units	% of total
Custody Bank of Japan, Ltd. (trust account)	115,517 units	19.0%
the Master Trust Bank of Japan, Ltd. (trust account)	95,789 units	15.8%
the Nomura Trust and Banking Co., Ltd. (Investment Trust Account)	33,998 units	5.6%
Mitsui Fudosan Co., Ltd.	28,900 units	4.8%
SSBTC 505001	21,261 units	3.5%
Total	295,465 units	48.6%

5 Appendix

Mitsui Fudosan's major development / operation track record

Fiscal year of completion	Property developed/operated	Total floor area	Acquisition by MFLP- REIT	Properties defined in "Right of first look and preferential negotiation rights agreement"/Acquisition under exclusive negotiation
	MFLP Yokohama Daikoku	100,530㎡	• (50%)	-
5. 10040	GLP/MFLP Ichikawa Shiohama	105,019m	• (50%)	-
Fiscal 2013	MFIP Inzai	40,478m ²	•	-
	MFLP Yashio	40,728m ²	•	-
	MFLP Kuki	73,153m	•	-
F : 10044	MFLP Sakai	125,127m	•	-
Fiscal 2014	MFLP Funabashi Nishiura	30,947m	•	-
	MFLP Atsugi	40,942m ²	•	-
E: 10045	MFLP Hino	205,200m²	• (25%)	• (75%)
Fiscal 2015	MFLP Kashiwa	31,242m ²	•	-
	MFLP Funabashi I	197,746m ²	-	-
5. 10040	MFLP Fukuoka I	32,199m	•	-
Fiscal 2016	MFLP Hiratsuka	33,061m ²	•	-
	MFLP Komaki	40,597m	•	-
	MFLP Inazawa	72,883m	•	-
Fiscal 2017	MFLP Ibaraki	230,435m ²	•	-
	MFLP Tsukuba	62,484m	•	-
Eises 0040	MFLP Atsugi II	48,976m ²	•	-
Fiscal 2018	MFLP Prologis Park Kawagoe	117,337m	• (50%)	-
	MFIP Haneda	80,334m	-	-
	MFLP Hiroshima I	68,427m	•	-
	MFLP Funabashi II	227,003m	-	•
Fiscal 2019	MFLP Kawaguchi I	49,838m ²	•	-
	MFLP Hiratsuka II	48,141m	•	-
	MFLP Yokohama Kohoku	45,512m ²	-	-
	MFLP Kawasaki I	49,801m	-	-
	MFIP Inzai II	27,268m ²	•	-
	MFLP Tachikawa Tachihi	55,094m	-	-
Fiscal 2020	MFLP Osaka I	43,919m	•	-
	MFLP Yachiyo Katsutadai	74,624m	•	-
	MFLP Tosu	35,248m	-	-
Fiscal 2021	MFLP Tokorozawa	21,721m	•	-
FISCAI 2021	MFLP Funabashi III	270,321m	-	•

* For further details, please refer to [Major properties developed/operated by Mitsui Fudosan] in the Notes on Matters
Stated in this Document on p.49-51.

Fiscal year of completion	Property developed/operated	Total floor area	Acquisition by MFLP- REIT	Properties defined in "Right of first look and preferential negotiation rights agreement/Acquisition under exclusive negotiation
5. 10004	MFLP Osaka Katano	68,528m ²	•	-
Fiscal 2021	MFLP Ichikawa Shiohama II	166,099m ²	-	• (60%)
	MFLP Tomei Ayase	56,764m ²	•	-
	Tokyo Rail Gate EAST	165,272m ²	-	-
	MFLP Ebina I	121,909m ²	-	-
Fiscal 2022	SG Realty MFLP Fukuoka Kasuya	35,626m ²	• (50%)	-
	MFLP Shinkiba I	9,584m [*]	•	-
	MFLP Yatomi Kisosaki	86,319m	-	-
	MFLP Hiratsuka III	29,474m ²	•	-
	MFLP Shinkiba II	27,078m ²	-	-
Fiscal 2023	MFLP Zama	133,932m ²	-	• (41.5%)
FISCAI 2023	MFLP·OGUD Osaka Torishima	59,350m ²	-	• (50%)
	MFLP Ebina Minami	37,470m ²	-	-
	MFLP Sendai Natori I	45,072m ²	-	-
	MFLP Nagoya Iwakura	59,860m ²	-	-
Fiscal 2024	MFLP·LOGIFRONT Tokyo Itabashi	256,157m	-	-
	MFLP Tsukubamirai	97,378m ²	-	-
	MFLP Yokohama Shinkoyasu	Approx. 136,641m	-	● (51%)
	MFLP Amagasaki I	35,935m ²	-	-
	MFLP Ichinomiya	Approx. 66,043m	-	-
Fiscal 2025	MFLP Iruma I	Approx. 90,416m	-	-
	MFLP Sendai Natori II (tentative name)	Approx. 32,248m	-	-
	MFLP Iruma II	Approx. 65,158m	-	-
	MFIP Ebina	Approx. 40,040m	-	-
Fiscal 2026	MFLP Misato	Approx. 38,826m	-	-
	MFLP Sugito (tentative name)	Approx. 11,877m	-	-
	MFLP Funabashi Minamikaijin	Approx. 20,570m	-	-
	MFLP Kyoto Yawata I	Approx. 81,338m	-	-
Fiscal 2027	Kashima, Yodogawa-ku Logistics Facility Project (tentative name)	Approx. 206,578m	-	-
Fiscal 2028	MFLP Kyoto Yawata II	Approx. 166,798m	-	-
	another data center (3 property)	-	-	-
-	other overseas properties (10 properties)	-	-	-

*1 MFLP Yokohama Daikoku is listed under the fiscal year in which the property began its operations. the fiscal year of completion of the property is fiscal 2009. the fiscal year of completion of the existing building of MFLP Tsukuba is fiscal 2010. *2 the percentage figures in parentheses is the percentage of (quasi) co-ownership interest in the portfolio asset.

Mitsui Fudosan Logistics Park Inc.

Mitsui Fudosan Logistics Park Inc.

Notes on Matters Stated in this Document

Unless otherwise specified, figures indicated in whole numbers are rounded down to the nearest specified unit and figures with a decimal point are rounded to the nearest indicated unit. Unless otherwise specified, descriptions are made based on the following. [Highlights] / [Basic Strategy and Four Roadmaps] / [Internal Growth Strategy] / [Our Portfolio] "Distributions per unit (DPU)" Includes distributions in excess of earnings. "NAV per unit" *Calculation of NAV as of the end of each fiscal period based on net assets as of the end of each FP and unrealized gains on an appraisal basis less total distribution amount divided by number of investment units issued and outstanding. "LTV" LTV = Balance of interest-bearing debt ÷ Total assets "Acquisition capacity" Amount of debt that can be additionally financed assuming that LTV is raised to 50%. the amount indicated is rounded to the nearest hundred million yen. "Market cap" Market cap as of end of each FP calculated using closing price at end of FP multiplied by number of investment units issued and outstanding as of the end of each FP. "Average lease term" "Average lease term" is calculated using the average of the lease terms stated in concluded lease agreements as of October 31, 2024 weighted by the leasable floor area. With regard to the lease agreements to be included in the calculation, when a re-contract starting on the day immediately following the expiration date of the respective lease agreement is concluded with the same lessee, the lease term is deemed to be from the start of the initial lease agreement to the expiration date of the re-contract, and used in the calculation as such. "Average remaining lease term" Based on concluded lease agreements in force as of October 31, 2024, the average remaining lease term is calculated using the average of the remaining term of leases as of October 31, 2024, weighted by the leasable floor area. With regard to the lease agreements to be included in the calculation, when a re-contract starting on the day immediately following the expiration date of the respective lease agreement is concluded with the same lessee, the lease term is deemed to be from the start of the initial lease agreement to the expiration date of the re-contract, and used in the calculation as such. "Green Building certification" Calculations based on total floor area before considering (guasi) co-ownership interests. "Acauisition Price" Acquisition price for properties accepted by MFLP-REIT through the merger with ADL (Property Nos, Li-1 to 13, Lo-1, Io-3-4) is the acceptance price used in the merger, which is the appraisal value as of appraisal date, October 31, 2024. "Appraisal value" Appraisal values as of an appraisal date of October 31, 2024 (end-fiscal period 17). Appraisal values as of an appraisal date of July 1, 2024 are applied to assets acquired during the 18th fiscal period. For (quasi) co-ownerships appraisal values corresponding to the (quasi) co-ownership interest ratio of each property as the appraisal date are indicated. "Adjusted forecast NOI vield" Annualized after subtracting the fixed asset tax and city planning tax for the properties acquired in 2024 (Property Nos. Im-24,26 to 28, Lo-1,Li-14 to 16,Io-3 to 4) from the NOI assumed in the earnings forecast for the 18th and 19th fiscal period as well as adjusting special factors, and dividing it by the total acquisition price. Subtotal (average) and total (average) for each category indicate the weighted average based on acquisition price. "Appraisal NOI yield" Ratio of net operating income under direct capitalization method stated in real estate appraisal report ("Appraisal NOI") to acquisition price. T&B Maintenance Center Toyama, T&B Maintenance Center Matsue left blank since the direct capitalization method is not used to appraise these properties. "Average NOI yield" and subtotal (average) and total (average) for each category indicate the weighted average based on acquisition price, excluding T&B Maintenance Center Toyama, T&B Maintenance Center Matsue. "Total floor area" Figures based on the record on the register, rounding down to the nearest whole number. "Leasable area" The total floor area (rounded down to the nearest whole number) of each asset held by MFLP-REIT that is deemed to be leasable based on the lease agreement or floor plan, etc. for such building as of October 31, 2024 (End of 17th FP). (Does not include the leased area indicated in the lease agreements concerning shops, vending machines, solar power generation facilities, parking lots, nursery centers and the like) "Building age" Number of years from the date of construction of the main building of a property acquired in the register to October 31, 2024 (end of 17th FP). "Average building age" and subtotal (average) and total (average) indicates the weighted average based on the total floor area, considering the (guasi) co-ownership interest of each property. "Occupancy rate" Leased area as a percentage of leasable area. Based on concluded agreements as of October 31, 2024 (end of 17th fiscal period). Average occupancy rate during the fiscal period is the simple average of the occupancy rate as of the end of each month during the fiscal period. Based on concluded agreements [Adjusted earnings forecast] In conjunction with the merger with ADL, the following changes have been made to fiscal periods. The 17th fiscal period will be a 3-month period from August 1, 2024 to October 31, 2024. The 18th fiscal period will be a 9-month period from November 1, 2024 to July 31, 2025. The results and projections presented will be the equivalent 6-month figures based on the actual and projected number of days if the 17th and 18th fiscal periods were 6-month periods (17th FP 184 days/18th FP 181 days). Also, in conjunction with the merger, MFLP-REIT executed a 1:4 split of its investment units on November 1, 2024, with October 31, 2024 as the date of record. The number of units as of the end of the 18th and 19th fiscal periods and the DPU forecast (amount) are presented on a pre-split basis (i.e. multiplying the DPU amount for each fiscal period by 4).



[Method of calculation of cash distribution based on FFO]

- (1) Distribution of earnings is determined based on profit (net income) for the applicable operating period.
- (2) FFO for the applicable operating period is calculated by adding depreciation to profit (net income) (excluding gain or loss on sale of real estate, etc.) for the applicable operating period.
- (3) the amount distributable including distribution in excess of earnings is calculated based on a threshold of an equivalent up to a maximum of 75% of FFO for the applicable operating period.
- (4) the amount distributable in excess of earnings is calculated by deducting the amount of distribution of earnings (excluding gain or loss on sale of real estate, etc.) from the amount distributable including distribution in excess of earnings.
- (5) the amount of continuous distribution in excess of earnings is determined based on a comprehensive judgment on the basis of the amount distributable in excess of earnings.
- (6) the distribution in excess of earnings determined in 5. above is to be continuously made each fiscal period in principle, in addition to the distribution of earnings determined in 1. above.

In addition, in cases where the distribution amount for distributions per unit is expected to temporarily decline by a certain degree due to such factors as the procurement of funds through the issuance of new investment units, etc., a one-off distribution in excess of retained earnings may be executed in order to standardize the amount of the distributions per unit.

[Properties defined in "Right of first look agreement"]

"Properties defined in "Right of first look agreement" refers to properties on the list of right of first look pertaining to real estate subject to provision of information, presented based on the Right of first look agreement executed between the Asset Management Company and Mitsui Fudosan, and the Asset Management Company and Mitsui Fudosan, and the Asset Management Company and Inchu Corporation upon the Asset Management Company managing MFLP-REIT's assets.

The (number of) subject properties and ratio/total floor area indicate figures after considering co-ownership interest (or quasi co-ownership interest).

[ZEB certification]

ZEB (Net Zero Energy Building) is a building that aims to achieve a zero energy balance through substantial reductions in annual primary energy consumption. this is achieved by saving as much energy as possible via better thermal insulation of the building and highly efficient equipment, coupled with creating energy by photovoltaic power generation (or other energy generating methods), while maintaining a comfortable environment. In the BELS certification system, the certification of the level of ZEB is presented in four stages: "IZEB]," "Nearly ZEB," "ZEB addy," and "ZEB Oriented."

[Industrial real estate]

Real estate which is used to provide the framework for industrial activity such as data centers, communications facilities, research facilities, manufacturing plants and supply/treatment facilities.

[Annual solar power generation]

Actual power generated between January and the end of December 2023 at 13 properties with solar power generation facilities and owned by MFLP-REIT as of January 31, 2024 is indicated. The total power generation amount of the entire properties is indicated regardless of ownership ratio held by MFLP-REIT.

[About analysis of Japan's logistics facilities stock]

(1) The "Analysis of Japan's logistics facilities stock" graph is of estimates by CBRE K.K. based on the Policy Bureau of the Ministry of Land, Infrastructure, Transport and Tourism's "Building Starts" and the Ministry of Internal Affairs and Communications' "Summary Report on Prices, etc. of Fixed Assets."

(2) In the "Analysis of Japan's logistics facilities stock" graph, "Leading-edge logistics facilities" is the figure of each year's sum total of the gross floor area of leading-edge logistics facilities (refers to rental logistics facilities that have gross floor area of at least 10,000 m²

and, in principle, ceiling height of at least 5.5 meters, floor load capacity of at least 1.5 tons/m² and column spacing of at least 10 m).

(3) In the "Analysis of Japan's logistics facilities stock" graph, "Estimate for logistics facilities 40 years old or older" is the figure of each year's overall stock estimate (as covered by note 5; the same shall apply hereinafter) minus the sum total of the floor area of which

construction was started within the past 40 years.

(4) "Estimate for logistics facilities less than 40 years old" is the figure of the overall stock estimate minus the floor area of "Estimate for logistics facilities 40 years old or older" and "Leading-edge logistics facilities."

(5) the overall stock estimate is the sum total of "Estimate for logistics facilities 40 years old or older," "Estimate for logistics facilities less than 40 years old" and "Leading-edge logistics facilities."

- (6) In the "Analysis of Japan's logistics facilities stock" graph, "Share of leading-edge logistics facilities" is each fiscal year's "Leading-edge logistics facilities" expressed as a percentage of the overall stock estimate (gross floor area basis).
- (7) In the "Analysis of Japan's logistics facilities stock" graph, "Share of logistics facilities 40 years old or older" is each fiscal year's "Estimate for logistics facilities 40 years old or older" expressed as a percentage of the overall stock estimate (gross floor area basis). (8) "Gross floor area" is compiled based on data on construction starts. In addition, estimates are on the basis of the time of construction completion being that construction is deemed to be completed after one year has elapsed from construction start. Accordingly,
- gross floor area may not match the floor area on the building confirmation certificate, construction drawing or register.

[Appraisal Summary for the End of 17th Fiscal Period]

For appraisal values for properties where MFLP holds (quasi) co-ownership interests, the appraisal value reflects the ratio of (quasi) co-ownership interest.

The acquisition periods of "MFLP Sakai", "MFLP Komaki", "MFLP Hino", "MFLP Tsukuba", "MFLP Fukuoka I", "MFIP Inzai", "MFLP Tomei Ayase", "IMP Inzai", "IMP Kashiwa 2" and "IMP Ichikawa Shiohama" are divided into multiple periods, but the initial acquisition are indicated.

The acquisition dates for the properties accepted in conjunction with the merger with ADL on November 1, 2024 are the dates when the properties were initially acquired. Acquisition price is indicated as book value as of the end of the 17th fiscal period (the appraisal value as of the appraisal date of October 31, 2024 at which MFLP-REIT accepted the properties at the time of the merger).

For the appraisal value as of the end of the 17th fiscal period of "IMP Atsugi II", "IMP Kazo" and "IMP Yoshikawa Minami" the appraisal value and CR as of the appraisal date of July 1, 2024 is indicated.

CR for "T&B Maintenance Center Toyama" and "T&B Maintenance Center Matsue" has been left blank because the direct capitalization method was not used in appraising the property.

Unrealized gain is a figure obtained by subtracting the period-end book value from appraisal value.

[Green Building certification]

With regard to "DBJ Green Building Certification", only certification for MFLP Yokohama Daikoku and MFLP Atsugi have expired.

With regard to "CASBEE New Construction Certification" the certifications for all certified properties except for MFLP Osaka Katano and SG Realty MFLP Fukuoka Kasuya have expired.

With regard to "CASBEE Real Estate Certification", there are 2 types of certification of comprehensive building environment efficiency: an assessment conducted by either an external body or the relevant local government, a system mainly employed by ordinance designated cities. With the exception of GLP/MFLP Ichikawa Shiohama, MFLP Yokohama Daikoku, IMP Kashiwa 2, and IMP Ichikawa Shiohama, all certifications were based on applications for assessments under CASBEE-based systems established by local governments. The certifications for GLP/MFLP Ichikawa Shiohama have expired.

Aitsui Fudosan .ogistics Park Inc.



Notes on Matters Stated in this Document

[Major properties developed/operated by Mitsui Fudosan]

Based on financial results materials of Mitsui Fudosan for the second quarter of the fiscal year ended March 31, 2025. indicates the area recorded in the property registry or the certificate of completion for completed properties, the area stated on the building confirmation certificate for uncompleted properties that are properties defined in "Right of first look agreement," and the area stated in the material published by Mitsui Fudosan for all other properties. The area for uncompleted properties is the planned area and is subject to change.

"Cumulative total investment size" includes properties under development or scheduled to be developed as of each date of publication and their (planned) investment amount. Properties scheduled to be developed include those targeted or planned by the Mitsui Fudosan Group as of the date of this document and are subject to change or cancellation.

Furthermore, there are no details concerning the timing of completion of the aforementioned investments that had been finalized as of the date of this document. Nor does MFLP-REIT guarantee or promise that the plans be materialized.

"Tokyo Rail Gate EAST" is included in terms of the number of facilities and total floor area, but not in terms of the amount. Mitsui Fudosan has no plans to acquire the property as of the date of this document.

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